

# SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXVII. NO. 217

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## LENS IS TAKEN; HARD BLOW TO GERMANS

### REGISTRARS WILL BE HERE SATURDAY

Two Members of Election Registration Board to Hold Session in This City.

### COUNTY CHAIRMEN AGREE

This Will Give Voters in This Part of County Excellent Opportunity to Quality.

Announcement was made today by Dr. H. Lett, republican county chairman, and C. W. Burkart, democratic county chairman, that arrangements had been made whereby two members of the county election registration board will hold a session in this city Saturday. This is the first time that the members of the board have arranged to leave the county headquarters in the court house, but legal advice was given to the effect that there would be nothing illegal about holding one session here. It has been found that the same plan has been followed in several other counties.

Two years ago an attempt was made to hold a session of the board in this city, and again this year the matter was placed before the registration commissioners, but they hesitated to leave the headquarters as notice had been published that they would be in session there continuously during the registration period. However, under the plan that has been agreed to one member of the board and the county clerk, who are of opposite political faiths will remain at the headquarters, while two other members, representing each of the political parties, will come here. Party leaders have agreed to waive any minor points which may be presented relative to registration.

This plan agreed to as a matter of convenience for voters who live a considerable distance from the court house. Both parties have conducted registration periods here during the last few weeks and a considerable number of voters have taken advantage of the opportunities. However, there are a large number of men who have not registered and they will not

(Continued on page 8, column 2.)

### JACKSON COUNTY BOY IS WOUNDED IN ACTION

Private Mallie Fleetwood, Who Lives Near Maumee, Named in Casualty List.

The section of the daily casualty list which was released this morning carried the name of Private Mallie Fleetwood, of Jackson county, who is reported severely wounded in action in France. The young man is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Fleetwood and his home is in the neighborhood of Maumee. His address was given in the casualty list as Kurtz for he gets his mail from that postoffice.

Private Fleetwood has a wife and two small children. They are living with his father. He also has two half brothers.

The young man was called to arms in the second increment which left Jackson county, going into training at Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, on September 20, 1917. He remained at the camp there during the winter and went to France during the early summer. His parents received a telegram from the war department about a week ago which stated that he had been wounded in action in France, but did not specify the extent of his injuries. The family expects a letter from him as soon as he is able to write. However, it may be several weeks before the mail is brought here.

### Notice.

We are at the old stand, making that good corn as usual. Will be glad to see all our old customers as well as new ones. Jos. I. Swain, Opp. Traction Station. a31dtf

### CINDERS—CINDERS.

Ebner Ice & Cold Storage Co. dw-tf

### MACHINE GUNNERS GALLOPING INTO ACTION



British machine gunners are particularly active in the great Franco-British-American drive in Picardy and Flanders. This British official photograph shows some of them galloping into action.

### LUTHERAN SCHOOL MAY USE ENGLISH

Large Representation of Local Congregation Favors Abolishment of German.

### DECISION TO BE MADE SUNDAY

Many of the Churches and Schools Throughout State Have Already Taken the Step.

A strong movement is on foot among a large percentage of the members of the congregation of the Lutheran Evangelical church to abolish the use of German in the local parochial school, and the question will probably be decided at a business meeting to be held next Sunday afternoon. The school was to have convened for the fall term last Monday, but the organization of the classes was delayed on account of the illness of F. H. Lange, one of the teachers, who is at Martinsville for treatment.

The question of abolishing German in the Lutheran school here has been under discussion informally for several months, and the movement was renewed following the announcement that the school would not convene at the date originally fixed. It is understood that a large percentage of the members of the congregation are strongly in favor of using English exclusively in the class work.

Should the action be taken by the local congregation, it would be in keeping with the policy that has been followed by many other Lutheran congregations and schools in Indiana and throughout the United States. In some states the recom-

(Continued on page 4, column 5.)

### INSCRIPTION, "GOTT MIT UNS," ON GERMAN BELTS

Q. R. Sage, of Indianapolis, Exhibits Interesting Relic of Battle Field.

Q. R. Sage, of Indianapolis, a traveling salesman who comes here frequently, today, exhibited a belt which was taken from a dead German on the western front battle field. The belt was sent to him by his son who is in active service at the front. An interesting feature of the relic was that the buckle bore the inscription, "Gott mit uns." The belt was made of exceptionally heavy leather and was an inch and three quarters in width. Evidently the belt had been in use for years as it could be seen where the buckle strap had been set back several times.

### Notice K. of C.

Regular meeting Tuesday, Sept. 3. Business of importance.

s3d Wm. Moritz, G. K.

Hair cutting 20c. Shaving 10c. Razor honing 25c. Household scissors sharpened also. Springer's Barber Shop. m24d&wtf

### CITY ATTORNEY TO FIGHT CASE ALONE

Mayor Has Deciding Vote on Question of Employing Assistance in "Dry Beer" Trial.

### TIE VOTE IN THE COUNCIL

Ireland Proposes an Appropriation of \$200 to Pay for Special Counsel for Case.

At a special session of the city council last night an ordinance introduced by Ireland to appropriate \$200 to employ special counsel to assist the city attorney in the trial of the "dry beer" case was voted down, Mayor Burkart having the deciding vote. The trial will be held in the city court Wednesday morning. Because of the importance of the decision in the case, Ireland was in favor of employing legal assistance for the city attorney and secured the consent of the majority of the councilmen to call a special meeting to consider the matter.

The vote on the Ireland ordinance was three to three, Goss being absent from the city. Goodale, Emery and Hoadley were opposed to the appropriation and Ireland, Buse and

(Continued on page 2, column 4.)

### ROAD REPAIR LEVY

Fixed at 25 Cents by the County Board of Commissioners.

The county commissioners were in session again today and fixed the gravel road repair levy at 25 cents. This is the same as for last year.

The board returned from New Albany where they inspected a stone crushing plant but have not reached a decision as to the purchase of the outfit. It has been proposed that such a plant be purchased by the county as rock could be crushed at less cost than if it were purchased from private dealers.

### Germans May be Forced Out of Northern France Before Winter

(By Carl D. Groaf, United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Washington, September 3.—The allies are applying the pincers process to the German on a vaster front than is customary with this operation. Army men foresaw today that the upshot of the present successful smash of British, French and Americans will be to hammer the Hun out of the center of the western line, push him on past the old Hindenburg line and, if plans carry, to sweep him out of northern France before winter sets in.

With the Americans progressing past Juvigny, it is likely they will soon reach the Chemin-des-Dames. This will form one firm jaw of the pincers. On the northern end of the battle line, the British and American operations are laying the basis for

## 10,000 HUN PRISONERS CAPTURED IN BRILLIANT ATTACK BY THE CANADIANS

### GERMAN CAPTIVES SWARM DOWN ROAD

Hindenburg's Men Ran Like Raw Recruits When The British Launched Attack.

### MASSES OF RESERVES SENT UP

Break in German "Barrier" About Queant Exceed Seven Miles, Extending to Etaing.

By United Press.

With the British Armies in France, Sept. 3.—The break in the Hindenburg line above Queant now exceeds seven miles, extending beyond Etaing to the north.

Ten thousand prisoners were taken yesterday. Thousands of prisoners swarmed down the road like sheep crowding each other into ditches along the sides; the Germans running before the British assault like raw recruits and reforming later only when masses of their own men came up in support; Germans screaming in fear as British reached their first lines; Germans leaping out of their dug outs, throwing up their hands in surrender at the first appearance of the Canadians were scenes witnessed in the British attack.

Along roads paralleling the Scarpe a party of correspondents met such masses of disheartened captives as have seldom been seen since the beginning of the great war. When questioned, prisoners frankly voiced their belief that Germany is beaten. This does not mean that the battle was simply a triumphant parade. On the contrary some of the hardest fighting in months occurred before the important stretch of the Hindenburg line in this vicinity was crossed.

### British Embassy Raided.

By United Press.

Copenhagen, September 3.—Bolshevik troops occupied the British embassy at Petrograd and shot an Englishman, according to reports received here. The incident occurred when the Bolshevik general examination of houses Sunday evening following the murder of the Bolshevik commissaire of interior at Petrograd.

Important Railway and Coal Center and One of the Principal Holding Points on the German Front Taken by Allies in One of the Greatest Victories of the Summer's Fighting—British and Americans at Extreme Northern Section of the Front Advance, Overcoming Strong Opposition—More Villages Are Recaptured by French—Cocuy-Le-Chateau Being Outflanked by Franco-Americans South of The Ailette—Gains Also Registered Beyond The Canal De Nord in the Nesle Region—Position Two miles West of Neuve Chappell are Occupied.

## DROCOURT-QUEANT LINE IS SHATTERED

### BULLETIN

By United Press

London, Sept. 3.—A further advance by the British in Flanders was registered today when positions two miles west of Neuve Chappelle were occupied. This is an advance of about one mile at the southern extremity of the Armentieres front.

The British have also occupied Hamblain at the northern end of the Drocourt-Queant front. It is six miles east of Arras just south of the Scarpe river.

By United Press

The Germans have abandoned the Drocourt-Queant switch line to the English. Queant, at the southern extremity of the line, has been captured and Lens, further north, is also in British possession. Simultaneously the British and Americans at the extreme northern section of the front advanced another mile, and have occupied Wulverghem.

The Canadians stormed the Drocourt-Queant line, Field Marshal Haig announced. He also announced that 10,000 prisoners were taken in this vicinity yesterday.

The evacuation without further resistance of the Drocourt-Queant line puts Field Marshal Haig in possession of positions regarded by Von Hindenburg as the most important of this section of the front. The line is considered by many as the holding point of the on the whole German west front.

With its abandonment, the Wotan line is the principal position now preventing a further British advance. Towards this line the enemy is hurrying his troops with all possible speed.

South of the Arras-Cambrai highway, the British smashed hard at the enemy, this morning registering an advance of about four miles on a twenty-mile front. Queant, Buissy, Doignies, Velu, Berthincourt and Bocquigny were all taken.

The capture of Lens by the British will prove a hard blow to the Germans, because it is the junction of a number of railways, and is also the dominating city in a large coal region, which has proved of immense value to the enemy.

Cocuy-le-Chateau is being outflanked by the Franco-Americans south of the Ailette from Poucy-le-Mort. Simultaneously with the French having registered an advance of a mile and a quarter beyond the Canal De Nord in the region of Vesle, German prisoners declare preparations are being made for a general withdrawal to St. Quentin.

Franco-American troops are progressing along the road toward Laon. Further north they are filtering into German positions between woods near Cocuy-le-Chateau and the lower end of Cocuy forest.

North and east of this area the French have gained new ground in the direction of Guiseard, having carried their line more than a mile across the Canal De Nord. In the region of Ham the roads behind the enemy lines are reported constructed with transports and troops moving northeastward. Prisoners taken by the French in this region assert that a retirement towards St. Quentin has already been organized. The choking of the roads indicates that it may have already begun.

The French are biting into the western edge of the Chemin Des Dames, having reached Laffaux Hill six and a half miles northeast of Soissons. The Germans are energetically defending their positions towards Laon. The German rear guard counter attacked five times north of the Aisne without success.

Having smashed their way across the vital Drocourt-Queant switch line on the front of from four to six miles, British troops are following up their advantage and striking hard at

enemy positions at both ends of the break. This line, which was designed as a supplementary defense to the Hindenburg line is of utmost importance to the enemy. If the allies can sweep the Germans back from its entire front it is believed Hindenburg's positions all along the west front will be imperiled.

Field Marshal Haig announced Canadian and British troops have occupied Dury, Villers-Les-Gagnicourt, Gagnicourt and Biencourt-les-Cagnicourt, positions on both sides of the Arras-Cambrai road. These positions strike the Drocourt-Queant line at its vital point.

Further south, British advances continued also. The enemy resistance has stiffened considerably, however. Hindenburg is throwing in reserves with great freedom in an effort to check Haig.

In Flanders the British are steadily advancing, having occupied Estaires. They pushed a mile beyond that village. At the southern end of the battle front, the French and Americans are making slow but steady progress. The difficult work of clearing the woods country in the vicinity of Cocuy-le-Chateau is proceeding satisfactorily. Stubborn enemy resistance was encountered east of Crecy-an-Mont. East of Nasle, the French have crossed the canal and gained a footing on the eastern slopes of Hill 77, taking prisoners.

The German war office admits the British capture of Peronne.

### Germans Admit Defeat.

By United Press.

Berlin, September 3 (Via London)—An advance by the allies west and south of Cocuy-le-Chateau was admitted by the war office today.

### Notice.

Trinity M. E. League Social at Henry Schlefers, Thursday evening. Meet 7:30 at church. s4d



## SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher.

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY—By Carrier.

One Year \$5.00  
Six Months 2.50  
Three Months 1.25  
One Week .30

DAILY—By Mail in Advance.

1 wk 2 Mos. 6 Mos. 1 Yr.

In Jackson Co. 10c 1.00 \$1.75 \$3.00  
Zone 1, outside Co. 10c 1.25 2.00 3.50  
Zone 2 12c 1.50 2.50 4.00  
Zone 3, 4, 5 14c 1.75 3.00 5.00  
Zone 6, 7, 8 16c 2.00 3.50 6.00

WEEKLY

3 Mos. 6 Mos. 1 Yr.

In Jackson Co. 50c 75c \$1.00

Zone 1, outside Co. 60c 85c 1.25

Zone 2, 3, 4 70c \$1.00 1.50

Zone 5, 6, 7, 8 80c 1.25 2.00

National Advertising Representatives

H. EDMUND SCHEERER

1041-42 Marquette Bldg. - Chicago

R. R. MULLIGAN

30 E. Forty-second St. - New York

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918.



## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

## State Ticket.

Secretary of State,  
William A. Roach, Delphi.Auditor of State,  
Otto L. Klaus, Evansville.Treasurer of State,  
Uz McMurtrie, Marion.Attorney General,  
Ele Stansbury, Williamsport.Clerk of Supreme & Appellate Courts,  
Patrick J. Lynch, Newcastle.State Supt. of Public Instruction,  
Linnaeus N. Hines, Crawfordsville.State Geologist,  
Lewis F. Rourke, Bloomington.Judge of Supreme Court, First Dist.,  
B. M. Willoughby, Vincennes.Judge of Supreme Court, Fourth Dist.,  
Howard L. Townsend, Fort Wayne.Judges of Appellate Court, First Dist.,  
Charles F. Remy, Indianapolis.  
Solon A. Enloe, Danville.Judges of Appellate Court, 2nd Dist.,  
A. L. Nichols, Winchester.  
Willis C. McMahon, Crownpoint.

## Congressional Ticket.

For Congress, Fourth District,  
John S. Benham, Ripley County.

## Judicial Ticket.

For Judge, 40th Judicial District,  
James A. Cox, Jackson County.For Prosecuting Attorney,  
Simpson B. Lowe, Lawrence County.

## County Ticket.

Representative—Frank B. Butler.  
Clerk—Frank L. Schornick.  
Recorder—Harvey L. McCord.  
Recorder—Charles F. Robertson.  
Treasurer—Oliver O. Shortridge.  
Surveyor—Garfield M. Hopkins.  
Coroner—Dr. Frank W. Kern.  
Commissioners—Second District,  
Fred Everback; Third District, John L. Sprague.

## Jackson Township Ticket.

For Trustee—Dr. W. M. Casey.

For Assessor—Ed S. Himebaugh.

## Special State Fair Service.

Extra cars will leave Seymour for Indianapolis at 5:55 A. M., arriving at Indianapolis at 8:40 A. M. on Wednesday, September 4th, and Thursday, September 5th, account of State Fair at Indianapolis.

For further information call Scott Hardin, Agent.

Phone M 786.

Interstate Public Service Co.

s4d

# Anthracite Coal

## SUBSTITUTE COKE

We have a limited supply of coke, 48 hour preparation, burns similar to anthracite and holds fire equally as well. Lighter and easier to handle than coal. Present stock won't last long, so don't wait. First come first served.

Terms Cash.

**EBNER ICE AND COLD STORAGE CO.**  
Phone 4.

## EACH DIVISION IS "BEST IN FRANCE"

(By Lowell Mellett, United Press Staff Correspondent)

With the American Army in France, August 12 (By Mail)—The general never batted an eye as he pronounced this verdict on his own division: "They're the best division in France, Sir!"

Thus calmly—he didn't raise his voice and he didn't bang the table with his fist—he gave his men credit for having won the keenest competition of its kind that France has seen. This is the competition between the divisions. It has been under way ever since there have been as many as two divisions over here to compete. Each is striving to prove that in organization and in spirit it leads all the others.

"I'll tell you why," said the general. "These tar-heels and Tennessee mountain lads of mine are all real Americans. I don't suppose more than a dozen of them ever saw a foreigner until we came over here. You go and look them over and see if I'm not right."

Which we did. Several companies of them were passing the general's house at the moment. They trudged along easily under the pack that some soldiers consider so heavy. They were cheerful, and unwearied.

"Wheah do we go from heah?" asked one of another.

The other replied that the captain had called for volunteers to storm the brewery in the next town. He didn't smile and the others who heard enjoyed it without smiling. And British Tommies working on the road put them down, no doubt, as some more of those serious Americans.

They looked just as good as the general said they were. But when we visited one of their camps half an hour later the first man to whom we were introduced bore a name as German as Ludendorff. That might seem to refute the general's theory, if this man, a captain, had not talked with a drawl that comes from being born in the land of cotton.

On a hill-slope close by target practice with machineguns was under way. Every now and then there came a burst of excited cheering. It sounded like a ball game. That was one of the reasons this was the best division in the army, the captain explained: there was keen competition among the men themselves and instead of keeping this feeling bottled up it was encouraged in every way. Of course, he said, there wasn't much real necessity for teaching his men to shoot, since they came from a section where everybody knew how to use a rifle. A man who couldn't hit a buzzard in a tree top at half a mile, was considered a community disgrace.

The yells of derision and delight continued from the hill slope. They forecasted a new experience for German troops when they meet that bit of civil war frightfulness known as the rebel yell.

They looked mighty good, these Southern boys. However—

"I'll tell you why our division has the lead over the others," said a New York colonel. "We've been a division for twenty years; we're not a yearling outfit, like the rest. We've worked together for a long time, and came over here together. And now we've got an airtight, fighting division."

That was today. Day before yesterday it was the general commanding certain Illinoisans. The exact argument he offered in support of his contention that his is the best division in France can't be repeated without running counter to the censorship. To see the men, however, is to realize one of the grounds for his confidence. There is a certain sureness in their bearing that only rests on shoulders where it belongs.

One Illinois officer advanced the belief that the German element in their numbers was a source of real strength. The boys with German parents or German grandparents, he said, feel they have an extra proof to give of their Americanism, and they are giving it.

"Did you ever see a crowd look quite as much at home?" asked a Pennsylvania major. "I tell you they were just made for this. Of course, it doesn't reflect any particular credit on us, for we had certain natural advantages, but as a matter of cold fact, its the best division in France."

New England officers, who once used argument somewhat akin to that of the general of the tar-heels, now simply smile and remark, "Cantigny."

And the commander of the troops who stopped the German rush at Chateau Thierry, will, if pressed, recall what the French army commander said of his organization, pointing out that the French general specifically named his division when he said it.

So it goes. The effort is becoming less and less to prove to the French and the British the kind of stuff Americans are made of; that has pretty well been demonstrated, most

officers feel. The effort now of each division is to prove to the others that good as they are, there is one a little better.

## SHOALS BOYS TO BE TRIED ON CHARGE OF RIOTING

Alleged to Have Attacked Party of Washington Boy Scouts With Clubs and Sticks.

Eight of the boys who were in the party of Shoals boys who last Thursday night attacked the party of Washington Boy Scouts while they were returning from a Shoals picture show to their camp on White river, and inflicted an injury to the eye of Robert Thompson, son of the Rev. Virgil Thompson which may cause the loss of the eye, will be prosecuted in the Martin circuit court.

Arthur H. Greenwood, prosecuting attorney, returned from Shoals Saturday afternoon after investigating the affair. A court of inquiry was held at Shoals and the names of eight boys in the party were obtained. They are well known boys at Shoals, one being a son of a Shoals druggist and another being the son of a former county official. Four of these lads, Mr. Greenwood said, have left Shoals since Thursday night's affair. Some of these boys are 18, 19, and 20 years old. The lads in the Boy Scout party were mere boys, none over fifteen or sixteen years old.

Mr. Greenwood declared affidavits against the boys would be filed under the riot act, which provides a fine of not more than \$500.

Mr. Greenwood declared the court of inquiry showed the Scouts had conducted themselves gentlemanly and did nothing to provoke the attack. They attended the Shoals picture show and after coming out they gave their yells—one for Washington and then one for Shoals. At the edge of Shoals, while enroute back to camp the Shoals boys opened upon them with a volley of corn cobs but later rocks, sticks and clubs began to fly through the air, the result being that several Scouts were hit, Thompson being the only one seriously hit. Scout Master Wilson, in charge of the boys was hit three times, once on the face with a chunk of wood, once on the right breast with a rock and once on the ankle with a rock.—Washington Herald.

Miss Bertha Isenogle, of Montgomery, went to Indianapolis this morning to attend the state fair.

## DAIRY NOTES

### OBJECT OF WASHING BUTTER

Proper Way to Remove Buttermilk Is When Butter Is in Small Granules—Use Pure Water.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The object of washing butter is to remove the buttermilk. The only way that this can be done properly is to wash the butter when it is in small granules so that the largest possible surface is exposed to the water. To try to remove buttermilk by working it out of the butter is not effective; moreover, the excessive working injures the grain and body of the butter.

While the last of the buttermilk is draining off the wash water should be prepared. Only pure, clean wash water should be used, and it should be twice the quantity of and at about the same temperature as the buttermilk. The water should be placed in a pail or other receptacle and its temperature determined with a thermometer; if necessary it should be tempered by the addition of either warm water or ice. If the butter granules are too soft or too hard the temperature of the wash may be either a few degrees warmer or colder than the buttermilk. Warm water has the same effect upon the body of the butter as high churning temperatures, whereas cold water makes the butter so hard that it can be worked only with great difficulty, and if very cold the proper incorporation of the salt is practically impossible.

After the buttermilk has been drawn off the cork is replaced and one-half the wash water is poured into the churn. The cover of the churn is then replaced and the churn given about four rapid revolutions. The wash water is drawn off and the washing repeated. Two washings are usually sufficient, the second wash water when drawn off usually being almost perfectly clear.

While the wash water is draining off the worker should be rinsed again with hot water followed by a thorough rinsing and cooling with cold water. This must be done immediately before using, because if the worker is slightly dry the butter will stick to it. The lever worker is widely used and gives satisfactory results, though other types do just as good work.

The butter, which is still in the granular condition, is removed from the churn with the ladle and placed in a convenient receptacle for weighing. The old-fashioned butter bowl is convenient, and this is the only use that should be made of it. The butter having been weighed the quantity of salt is weighed, and this should be calculated on the basis of three-fourths of an ounce for each pound of

## CITY ATTORNEY TO FIGHT CASE ALONE

(Continued from first page)

Collins voted in favor of it. This left the deciding vote to the mayor.

Mayor Burkart then voted no. He explained that the ordinance was passed by a vote of four to three and that he had stated that he was in favor of the ordinance and would have supported it if it can come to him on a tie vote. He said that he had signed the ordinance. He further explained that the question of appropriating \$200 for legal assistance for the city attorney was another matter and as he believed the city attorney was competent and qualified to conduct the city's case he did not believe it necessary to make the appropriation.

John M. Lewis, city attorney, was present at the meeting, and said that as city attorney he would defend the ordinance to the best of his ability and invited the members of the city council and the city officials to attend the trial Wednesday morning. However, he expressed an opinion as to whether all of the ordinance would be upheld, but declared that it was his duty to defend it and that he would do so vigorously.

Ireland, who introduced the "dry beer" ordinance, believed that the city should defend it strenuously. The dealers, it is understood, have engaged Frank Branaman, of Browns-town, to assist E. P. Elsner, of this city, who represented Henry J. Kirsch, who was named defendant in the test case. It is expected that a large number of spectators will attend the trial Wednesday and Mayor Burkart has announced that the trial will be conducted in the council chamber where more room is available than in the court room.

Both sides have agreed that the case shall be tried before a jury of twelve men. It is further agreed that the jury shall be composed of representative business men of the city, who will be able to pass upon the evidence presented impartially and in the light of the law that is cited by the attorneys. Either side has the right to appeal the case, and it is understood that an appeal will be presented regardless of the outcome of the preliminary trial.

The dealers have considerable at stake in the trial for if the ordinance is upheld, they will be liable to a fine of \$50 a day for the time that they have kept their places of business open after September 1, when the ordinance became effective.

butter. The quantity may be varied to suit personal taste or the requirements of the market. The best grade of butter salt or table salt should be used. The butter is placed upon the worker, spread out about two inches thick, and the salt, free of lumps, sifted upon it. The butter is then pressed.



Washing Utensils Immediately After Making Butter.

ed with the lever or other device, care being taken to press and not to rub or smear it. After being pressed into a thin layer it is folded upon itself into a pile and the pressing repeated. The working is continued until there is a thorough and even distribution of the salt and a desirable grain and body have been produced.

The working of the butter is a very important step in the making process and should receive careful attention. Too much working is a common fault in farm-made butter. Overworked butter has a sticky and salty body, a dull, greasy appearance, and gummy grain. It feels warm in the mouth, sticks, and dissolves slowly. Properly worked butter has a waxy body and a bright appearance, and feels cool and dissolves quickly in the mouth. Butter has a proper grain if a slab breaks when bent at an angle of about 45 degrees and the broken surface has the appearance of broken steel. In addition, overworking butter injures its keeping properties.



## What is a Branch House?

The Branch House is the place in the packing organization where what the packing plant does for you is put where you can use it.

Both are the natural result of growth and development in the living thing they belong to.

Swift & Company Branch Houses are located in distributing centers all over the country. They are fitted out with refrigerating equipment to keep meat cool, sweet and fresh.

Each one is in personal charge of a man who believes in what Swift & Company is doing for people and wants to help do it.

They are directed by men who have spent years learning how to get *better meat cheaper* to the places where it is needed.

Meat is shipped to the branch houses direct from the packing plants in Swift & Company's refrigerator cars, in such quantities that it can be disposed of while fresh and sweet.

Your meat dealer comes *here* to buy your meat for *you*—unless someone else can treat him better than we can.

So you need the branch house in order to live well; and the branch house and the packing plant need each other, in order to be useful to you.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



## SEVEN HOOSIERS LISTED

Included in Long List of 506 Army Casualties.

By United Press.

Washington, September 3—The following casualties are reported by the Commanding General of the American Expeditionary Forces: Killed in action, 68; missing in action, 114; wounded severely, 163; died of wounds, 11; died from accident and other causes, 1; died of disease, 5; wounded, degree undetermined, 143; died of aeroplane accident, 1. Total, 506.

Indians included are:

Killed in action: Leslie Thomas, Michigan City.

Wounded—Frank Celichowski, South Bend; Isaac Brooks, Indianapolis; Russell W. Coon, Gary.

Missing in action—Clarence Reynolds, Indianapolis; Thomas Lee Wray, Indianapolis; Will Orvel Carroll, Indianapolis.

## Choir Notice.

The choir of the Lutheran church will meet Thursday at 8 p. m. All members are urged to be present.

M. F. Walkenhorst.

s5d

## Twenty Years Ago Today

Taken from the files of The Seymour Republican

M. F. Bottorff, of Cortland, has a serious attack of sciatic rheumatism.

Mrs. Lydia Townsend, of Colorado City, Texas, and Miss Bertha Williams, are the pleasant guests of Mrs. Densford and family.

J. M. Snapp, of Kurtz, was here on business today.

John F. Albering, of New Driftwood, brought a big lot of the finest cabbage raised in that section, here Thursday.

Albert Ault, a former well known butcher in Seymour, but for three years in Bedford, was here last evening on business.

The handsome seven room residence of Christie Ahlbrand is being lathed.

Miss Emma Hall returned today to Medora from a visit to her brother, James Hall and family.

## Modern Clothing Company

Do You Need a Pair of  
**Extra Trousers?**  
We have them in many  
choice patterns



## Ever Get Bilious? Try This

Take NR at once. Get digestive and eliminative organs working in harmony and relief is immediate. Never causes griping.

### NR Tonight—Tomorrow Feel Right

When your liver goes on strike and you feel a sick headache and bilious spell coming on, instead of prodding your liver with dangerous calomel and lashing your bowels with strong, irritating purgatives, get out your box of mild, gentle-acting NR Tablets and take one right off.

Relief will come just as quickly and with it genuine, lasting benefit.

There will be no griping, gnawing pains or doubling stomach ache. Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) work promptly and thoroughly, but the action is gentle, mild and soothing.

Relief comes through the action of Nature's Remedy on not only the liver, but on the whole digestive and eliminative system—the stomach, the bowels and even on the kidneys. Stored up accumulations of waste and body poisons that have been clogging the system are completely cleared out, the over-worked stomach is strengthened and the interrupted work of digestion and assimilation is resumed. The inactive liver goes to work with new vigor, the bowels are unburdened, the headache leaves, that dull, "dopey," want-to-crawl-down-a-hole feeling disappears, energy,

"pep" and appetite return and you find yourself entirely, completely relieved.

There is no better proof of the great value of Nature's Remedy for biliousness and constipation than the fact that more than one million NR Tablets are used every day—more than five million boxes sold every year.

If you've not already done so, get a 25c box of Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) and take the first tablet tonight. If your constipation is stubborn or persistent, continue to take one each night for a week or so.

Then note how you feel. Your bowels will be as regular as clock work, and you'll find yourself in better shape physically, mentally, every way than you've been in many a day. After that you need not take medicine every day. An occasional NR Tablet to keep your system in good condition will be sufficient, and you can always feel your best. Remember it is easier and cheaper to keep well than to get well. Just try it.

Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) is sold, guaranteed and recommended by your druggist.

MAXON PHARMACY, Seymour, Ind.

**Nature's Remedy**  
REG. U.S. PAT. OFFICE  
**NR-TABLETS-NR**

**Better Than Pills For Liver Ills. Get a 25c Box**



A little red shoe button discovered on the fire escape leads to the solving of the murder mystery in the new serial we are about to run—"The Red Button," by Will Irwin.

*A story that's entirely different from the average detective tale*

**Y**OU will read it with intense interest to discover the murderer of Captain Hanska; with delight because the famous Rosalie Le Grange, ex-medium, is on the case; with great good humor because a lively group of men and women bustle through the story—a group full of animation and reality. Whatever you do, don't fail to read "The Red Button."

The First Installment Appears on Page Seven of the Seymour Daily Republican

# TO-DAY

## 80-20 WHEAT FLOUR BASIS IS NOW EFFECTIVE

Dealers in Flour Are Required to Carry Substitutes in Stock, Under Rule.

All flour rules and regulations in effect prior to September 1, are cancelled, under a ruling now in effect.

The bread of the allies including our own bread, will contain 20 per cent of other grains rather than wheat. The cancellation of these rules is not intended to displace the use of corn bread and the 80-20 formula is used in addition to our normal consumption of corn bread. The retail dealers selling standard wheat flour must carry in stock either barley flour, corn flour or corn meal and with every sale of wheat flour shall sell a combination of some one of them in the proportion of one pound of substitutes to every four pounds of wheat flour.

No dealer may force any other substitutes in combination upon the consumer.

The following flours may be sold in combination with standard wheat flour in lieu of all barley flour, corn meal, or corn flour, if the consumer demands at the ratio of one pound to each four pounds of wheat flour namely rice flour, oat flour, buckwheat flour, potato flour, bean flour, sweet potato flour, kaffir flour, milo flour, feterita flour, and meals of the last three named flours.

The foregoing rules apply to all custom and exchange transactions and to the farmer as well as to city and towns people.

## SAVING IN GASOLINE AND OIL BY SUNDAY REST FOR AUTOS

Estimated That 7,600,000 Gallons of Gasoline Will be Saved Each Sunday.

The Fuel Administration issues the following:

In response to queries as to what amount in saving of gasoline might be expected as a result of the United States Fuel Administration's request that the use of automobiles be restricted on Sundays, M. L. Requa, director of the oil division, says:

"The request for this conservation applies only to the territory east of the Mississippi River. In this territory there are 4,000,000 motor-driven vehicles, of which approximately 200,000 are trucks. It is fair to assume that the remaining 3,800,000 motor vehicles if run on Sundays would each use two gallons of gasoline; so that the saving to be effected, if every motor user patriotically complies with the Fuel Administration's request, would be about 7,600,000 gallons. This would be in addition to the saving effected by the non use of motorboats; and in this connection it might be well to state that the conservation request has no application to those motor fishing boats plying at a necessary trade.

"Motorists are requested to initiate every means of conservation possible in the handling and use of gasoline and lubricating oils. The useless operation of engines when the car is not in motion must be discontinued. Extreme care must be exercised that gasoline and oil is not spilled; that leaks are not tolerated; and evaporation not permitted. The gasoline and lubricating oil user must realize that there is not an inexhaustible supply of crude oil, and he must appreciate the fact that the need for it now exceeds that of any previous time.

"War needs must be first supplied. By conserving through the nonuse of motor-driven vehicles for a few Sundays and the exercise of care in the use of gasoline and oil during other days, there probably will be no necessity for more severe control.

"If this program is followed to the extent that the Fuel Administration believes it will be, a few Sundays will effect the desired conservations."

Mrs. Elizabeth Knobe has received word that her nephew, Earl Harrington, who has been seriously ill with acute bronchitis at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, is improving.

## Thought One Clean Shirt All He Needed.

"Ten years ago I was reduced to a mere shadow. I was yellow as a gold piece and would often be doubled up with most excruciating pains in my stomach. Physicians could only relieve me with morphine. I was advised to try Mayr's Wonderful Remedy and it helped me at once. What is more, I have been well ever since. A friend said he thought one more clean shirt all I would ever wear." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver, and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. For sale by druggists everywhere.

Again we take  
**the Pick of the Crop**

Our bumper wheat crop means a big step towards victory. With conservation, it will last until the next harvest.

With a large yield, selection is again possible. We are buying the pick of the crop, because we are again permitted to pay a premium to get the best.

## Valier's Community Flour

Pure white—nothing but wheat

is now made from heavy, sun-ripened, strength-building wheat. It is milled according to Government specifications, but by the Valier methods—which made Valier's Enterprise Flour so famous—slow, careful grinding; sifting through Swiss silk; modern machinery; expert supervision; sanitary, sun-lit surroundings.

If we were willing to buy ordinary wheat and mill it in the ordinary way, we could sell Valier's Community Flour for less than the Government price. We prefer to maintain our high milling standards, charge the Government price, and pay the difference ourselves.

Figure the price of Valier's Community Flour by the loaf—not by the sack, and you will find it really cheaper, because it goes farther in the baking. It makes a big, dainty white loaf—with a good wheat flavor. Get it at your grocers.

Let's win the war—then you can buy Valier's Enterprise—the flour of flour.

Valier's Community Flour  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED U.S. PAT. OFF.  
VALIER & SPIES MILLING CO.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
ST. JACOB, ILL.  
MARINE, ILL.

## SEVENTEEN-YEAR LOCUST IS DUE IN MAY EXPERTS SAY

Purdue Entomologist Says That Broods in Indiana Are Now on Way to Surface.

Lafayette, Ind., September 3—James Troop, chief in entomology at Purdue University, has announced that the seventeen-year locusts will be due again in Indiana next year.

Careful records made by trained observers in all parts of the country during the last thirty years have proved that there are more than twenty well-marked broods of this insect, which make their appearance at different times and in different localities of the United States. There is seldom a year in which the seventeen-year locust may not be found in some part of the country.

The largest and most important of these broods covers practically all of Indiana and spreads over into neighboring states. This brood last appeared in 1902, and consequently it will be due for its next appearance in 1919.

The papae, or grublike young, are now 16 years old and are already working their way toward the surface of the ground. Next year they will be ready to complete their change into winged insects and will come out of the ground the latter part of next May. The newly emerged locusts climb the nearest convenient object where they cling while the pupal skin splits open along the back and adult locust comes forth.

The life of the mature insects lasts several weeks, which the males occupy in "singing," while the voiceless females lay from 300 to 500 eggs in the young twigs of shrubs and trees. The eggs are laid in ragged cuts made in the twigs, causing many of the small branches to die later in the season. The eggs hatch in about six weeks and the young locusts descend to the ground, where they burrow beneath the surface to spend the succeeding years of their long underground life.

The principal injury to vegetation is caused by the females during the egg-laying period and is due to the wounds in the branches of trees. Injuries to young fruit trees, while sometimes serious, are generally exaggerated. Observations made by Mr. Troop in 1885 and again in 1902 showed very clearly that where forest trees were near, the injury to young fruit trees was very slight. There are, however, apparently well-authenticated instances on record where fruit trees suffered to a considerable extent.

Oaks and hickories seemed to suffer more than other forest trees, while the apple is the favorite fruit tree.

From the information developed from past observation orchardists need not hesitate to set out young trees either this fall or next spring, Mr. Troop said. Such trees, however, should be thoroughly sprayed with the lime-sulphur mixture diluted to summer strength. This spray should be applied during May and June. Put on at this time the spray will act as a repellent and will tend to drive the locusts to the forest trees.

## The Ideal Wife.

One of the most successful men of this country recently wrote: "Whatever I am, and whatever success I have attained, I owe it all to my wife. She has ever been an inspiration and the greatest help-mate of my life." To be such a successful wife should be the ambition of every woman, but how impossible when dragged down by headaches, backache, dragging down pains, nervousness and "the blues." Every woman in this condition should start at once to build up her system by a tonic of specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which for three generations has been restoring American women to health and consequent happiness.

Advertisement.

Fourth Liberty Loan starts Sept. 28. Get ready.

## ADVERTISED LIST.

September 1, 1918.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Post Office at Seymour, Ind. and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

## LADIES

Mrs. Ella Bowers  
Miss Gertrude Bower  
Miss Flossie Ginder  
Mrs. Waldo Hermetet  
Mrs. Chale Hornland  
Mrs. Lina Jackson  
Esta Lynch  
Mrs. George B. Matthews, Jr.  
Mrs. Hattie Weddell

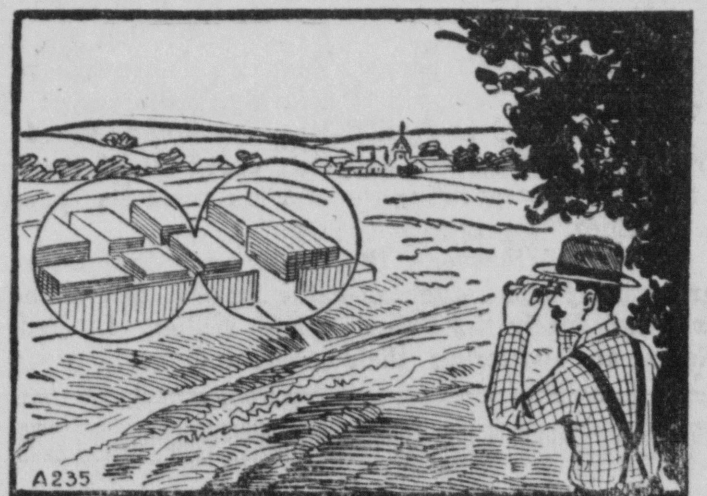
## MEN

C. E. Baxter  
Albert Boffo  
E. H. Haskins  
George Lucas  
W. A. Miller  
Charlie Moseni  
John Wise

ALLEN SWOPE, P. M.

## Reunion of Veterans.

By United Press.  
Indianapolis, September 3—The thirty-third Indiana volunteer infantry held its forty-seventh annual reunion in the state house today. The fifty-second Indiana volunteers also met here this morning.



## We Can SUPPLY

Lumber for Buildings Without Number

Even should you all decide to build at the same time it would not stump us.

We carry a good stock at all times, but could replenish on mighty short notice.

GET BUSY AND BUILD

**Seymour Planing Mill**  
419 South Chestnut St.

Buying Thrift and War Savings Stamps will Help too



## MAJESTIC THEATRE

Wednesday, September 4th

Matinee and Night

## Rita Jolivet

in a seven act super-production  
immortalizing the sinking of the

## Lusitania

and the wholesale slaughter of  
innocents"Lest We  
Forget"Prices: Lower floor 20c., bal-  
cony 10c. Matinee 10-20c.  
(War tax included in all  
admissions)NEW MANAGEMENT TAKES  
OVER THE HOMINY MILLClifford R. Jackson Becomes Man-  
ager of the Business Under  
New Corporation.

The Farmers Hominny Mill which was formerly owned by Frank M. Bush and was recently sold to a corporation composed of several prominent Hamilton township farmers, is now operated under the new management. Clifford R. Jackson, the manager, is in charge of the plant.

The mill is one of the largest and most modern corn plants in southern Indiana and it is predicted that the new corporation will do a prosperous and successful business. The mill does a large shipping business and has orders booked for thousands of pounds of hominy and feed meals.

## COUNTY COUNCIL IN SESSION

Members Hear First Reading of Ap-  
propriations Asked.

The county council convened this morning and immediately took up the matter of making appropriations for the various departments of the

county government. The first reading of the amounts requested by the different officials was made this morning. The second and third readings will be made tomorrow and it is expected the work of the council will be completed by noon tomorrow.

## Notice.

Owing to the great advance in the cost of materials and high cost of living, the following barbers find it necessary to make a small advance in prices, to take effect Saturday, September 7th.

Hair cut, 35c.  
Massage, 35c.  
Honing razor, 50c.

C. G. Heller.  
J. H. Everhart.  
Fred EdDaly.  
Perry White.  
A. Aufenburg.  
Frank Spanagel.  
Howard Furnish.  
Oakley Allen.  
Frank Roseberry.

s7d

A marriage license was issued at the County Clerk's office at Browns-town to James F. Weddle and Miss Millie F. Ford, both of Seymour.

## ORCHARD INFORMATION

## PEACH SCAB IS DESTRUCTIVE

Disease May Be Successfully Combat-  
ed by Applications of Self-  
Boiled Lime Sulphur.(Prepared by the United States Depart-  
ment of Agriculture.)

Peach scab, next in importance economically to the destructive brown rot among peach diseases in the United States, may be successfully controlled at small cost by the use of sprays of self-boiled lime sulphur or sulphur paste. Before such control measures were made use of by commercial peach growers it appeared that the disease would inflict heavy losses by making impossible the cultivation of certain varieties of peaches in many of the important peach-growing regions east of the Rocky mountains.

Peach scab attacks fruit leaves and twigs, manifesting itself on the fruit in serious spotting and cracking. It brings about only superficial injuries to the twigs and leaves. When the spots are fully developed on the fruit, they are fairly well defined, circular, greenish to black areas. The spots may be more or less uniformly scattered over the upper surface of the fruit or may become so abundant as to form large patches.

Though the spraying schedule might be somewhat different if scab only was to be guarded against, the following spraying plan should be followed for combating this disease and also brown rot and the plum curculio.

Early Varieties.—The early varieties, such as the Greensboro, Carman, Hiley, and those with similar ripening periods should be sprayed as follows:

(1) With arsenate of lead and lime about ten days after the petals fall. This application may be omitted in sections where the curculio is not a serious factor.

(2) With arsenate of lead and self-boiled lime-sulphur or finely divided wettable sulphur about a month after the petals fall. If the latter type of fungicide is used, the addition of lime, as in the first treatment, may be a desirable precaution against arsenical injury.

(3) With finely divided wettable sulphur or self-boiled lime-sulphur three to four weeks before the fruit ripens, but not less than four weeks before harvest if self-boiled lime-sulphur is used.

Midseason Varieties.—The treatment recommended for early peaches is applicable, likewise, to midseason varieties, such as the Reeves, Belle, Early Crawford, Elberta, Late Crawford, and Fox. For such varieties, however, the third application is very

midseason varieties, with the addition of an application of the fungicide alone about a month after the second treatment.

The following concentrations of spray preparations are recommended: Arsenate of lead paste, 1½ pounds (powder, three-fourths pound) in 50 gallons; stone lime, 2 to 3 pounds in 50 gallons; self-boiled lime-sulphur, 8 pounds of lime and 8 pounds of flour of sulphur in 50 gallons; and finely divided wettable sulphur, 5 pounds in 50 gallons in the case of the paste (approximately 50 per cent sulphur), used in the foregoing experiments.

Where curculio infestation is not severe, finely ground sulphur and powdered arsenate of lead applied as a dust mixture may be substituted for the liquid spray in the second application. The finely ground sulphur without the arsenical may be substituted in the third application. Sulphur of such fineness that it will pass through a 200-mesh screen, when applied as a dust, is an efficient remedy for scab. It is a promising remedy for the control of brown-rot but its efficiency is the control of severe cases is as yet uncertain. The arsenate of lead-sulphur dust is composed of 10 pounds of the former to 90 pounds of the latter.

## TIME FOR PICKING APPLES

Crop May Be Gathered When of Ma-  
ture Color and Comes Readily  
From the Spurs.

Red apples are ready to be gathered as soon as the mature color appears. By mature color it is not meant that the apple should hang until over-ripe, but there is a change from the green under color to a ripe under color. When this has taken place the apple can be said to have reached its mature color.

The time to pick yellow apples is determined by the color of the seeds, as the seeds are turning brown. The fruit is ready to pick, that is, if the apples come loose from the spurs readily.

## INSECT ENEMY OF CURRANTS

Common Worm Can Be Controlled by  
Spraying With Some Poison—  
Two Other Pests.

The chief insect enemy of the currant has is the common currant worm. This can be controlled by spraying with some poison, either paris green at the rate of five ounces to 50 gallons of water, and one pound of lime, or arsenate of lead, two pounds to 50 gallons. This should be applied when the currants are beginning to form, and if necessary repeated in two weeks.

There is also a green plant louse which attacks the currant foliage and frequently causes considerable damage by sucking the sap. The only way this can be controlled is by the application of Black Leaf 40, before the lice cause the leaves to curl. After the leaves curl, there is very little that can be done to check this pest. It usually disappears about midsummer, as at that time it goes to another plant.

Occasionally the currant is attacked by the San Jose scale, or more frequently by the European plant scale. Either of these scales can be controlled by the regular application of lime-sulphur before the buds start in the spring. The regular commercial lime-sulphur testing 32 degrees Beaume should be diluted at the rate of one gallon to eight ounces of water.

## WEEDS IN STRAWBERRY BEDS

Clean Patch in Fall Helps to Guar-  
antee Good Crop Next Year—Keep  
Out Plantain.

See that the strawberry patch is free from perennial weeds like plantain and dock. If such weeds are not destroyed this fall they will make a growth next spring before it is possible to destroy them by tillage. A clean patch in the fall helps to guarantee a good crop the following year.

GERMAN ARMY IS  
FACING DISASTERLudendorff Will Have Hard Job to  
Prevent Serious Riot, With  
Key Positions Gone.

## ENEMY BURNS VAST STORES

American Troops Are Threatening  
Positions North of Aisne—Mov-  
ing Season for Hindenburg.(By William Philip Simms, United  
Press Staff Correspondent)

Paris, September 3.—The German retreat continues both in Flanders and between Arras and Soissons. Arrantieres is directly threatened by General Plumer's second army, aided by Americans, who are hot on the heels of General von Arden's fourth German army and General Von Quast's sixth army. These are gradually yielding the ground and at the tremendous sacrifice in Hindenburg's April offensive.

South of the Scarpe the British are driving on hourly increasing the depth of the perilous pocket at the bottom of which lies Queant, one of the main cornerstones of the Hindenburg defenses. Cambrai lies only ten miles east.

With Queant gone, Ludendorff will have a hard job to prevent disaster throughout the region. The fall of Reancourt and the capture of the German positions on the high ground south of that village has brought the British up against Queant, which they completely dominate at close range.

Both here and northward as far as the Scarpe the British are fighting over country which was not even reached during the Arras drive of 1917. They are threatening to roll up the Hindenburg line, which they have over-run to a depth of two to three miles.

Further south, between Peronne and St. Quentin and in the direction of Noyon flames redden the sky by night and great columns of smoke are visible by day, marking the Germans' work of destruction in their continued retreat. The enemy is burning such stores as time will permit. The indications are that he hopes to get all his stores out and to fortify the country between Cambrai and LaFere in the hope of preventing its capture by the allies.

Between Noyon and Soissons, the Germans are fighting most stubbornly but slowly and surely the French and Americans are battering their

way forward. American troops are threatening the enemy positions north of the Aisne. If their progress continues, the German crown prince will be compelled to withdraw from the Vesle positions.

General Mangin's left is advancing northeastward toward St. Gobeis, further imperiling the crown prince's rear in this region.

In the rear all along the line from Ypres to Rheims, the British, French and Americans continue to play a tune to which Ludendorff must know.

HOUSE TO ADJOURN FOR  
RECESS ON SEPTEMBER 16Members Promised Vacation as Soon  
as Revenue Bill is  
Passed.

By United Press.

Washington, September 3.—Senator and house leaders today reached an agreement to allow the house to recess immediately after passing the new revenue bill which is expected to take about ten days. Under the plan outlined the house would leave September 16 and stay for at least thirty days and perhaps until after election. The President has still to approve the arrangement.

## ATTACK BY SHERMAN

Says American Government Changed  
Under War Guise.

By United Press.

Washington, September 16.—Ridiculing President Wilson's statement that "politics is adjourned," Senator Sherman, Illinois, in a bitter attack on the administration today declared that "more rampant, partisan politics never, abused the patriotism and generous confidence of a great nation."

Sherman declared that under the guise of war needs, steps were being taken that would change the American government into a "civilian autocracy."

William Schroer and Edward Hoeflerkamp left this morning for Ft. Wayne where they will enter Concordia College for the coming term.

## CINDERS—CINDERS.

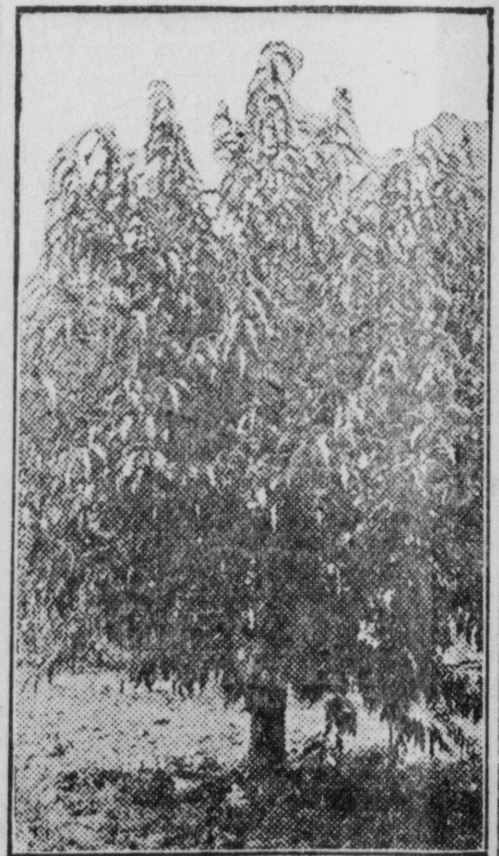
Ebner Ice &amp; Cold Storage Co. dw-3f

WHY SUFFER WITH  
RHEUMATISM?

Mrs. M. P. Golden, of Paducah, Ky., testifies that she was cured by Sandau's Rheumatism and Blood Remedy. She says: "I found your Rheumatic and Blood Remedy not only cured me of rheumatism, but it is a fine tonic for toning up the system."

Ask your druggist about Sandau's Rheumatism and Blood Remedy, or write William L. Federmann, Seymour, Indiana.

s30d

Peach Tree With Strong, Well-Sup-  
ported Limbs.

essential and should not be omitted where brown-rot or scab injury is serious.

Late Varieties.—The Salway, Heath, Billyeu, and varieties with similar ripening periods should be treated as

Valuable Up-Town  
Property to be Sold at  
AUCTIONSaturday,  
September 7, 1918

AT 3:30 P. M.

The trustees of the Central Christian Church will offer at public auction the old Christian Church lot and building, on the corner of Fourth and Poplar streets, Seymour, Indiana.

This property is located within three squares of the Post Office, good streets, improved side walks and sewer connections. In the fine resident district and will continue to increase in value.

Here is an opportunity to get a valuable property for a fine home at **YOUR OWN PRICE**. Do not let the other fellow beat you to it. Don't forget date.

R. R. KEACH,  
W. H. REYNOLDS, } Committee.  
C. B. DAVIS,

LUTHERAN SCHOOL  
MAY USE ENGLISH  
(Continued from first page)

mentation against the use of German has come emphatically from the state council of defense, and the Indiana council of defense has repeatedly stated that it favors the step. It is known that German propaganda is woven into practically every text book that is used in public and parochial schools in this country. This obstacle is being met in the public schools by removing many of the books which were in use in the past and replacing them with American text books. Unless English books are used in schools which are not German, it is pointed out, it will be a difficult matter to remove the German propaganda from class work, even though the instructors and teachers are one hundred per cent American and would not entertain any form of propaganda if they were apprised of it.

This matter has reached the point at the Columbus Lutheran church where as late as last Sunday the members voted to abolish all German songs from their church services and instructed the minister that hereafter all of his sermons much be preached in the English language. German has been abolished from some of the Lutheran schools in this county and it is understood that others expect to replace German with English in the near future.

The German department in the Shields high school practically went out of existence last year for the want of students. Only a few took the course, and there will be no students in the German department at the high school this winter, it is understood. French has been substituted in place of German.

It is further contended that at this time no chances ought to be taken in using German when the

Persinger's  
Bulletin....

Bargains in small farms near city.  
Well located residence property  
for sale, \$700 to \$10,000 each.

Farms for sale, or trade for city  
rentals.

Houses—small, medium, and large  
for rent, reasonable rent. Some  
well located.

17½ E. Second St.

## SAVE—W. S. S.—SERVE

VON FANGE Granite Co.  
MONUMENTS  
MARKERS  
Seymour, Indiana

## BUY THRIFT STAMPS

Anna E. Carter  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
Office at the Daily Republican  
Office, 108 West Second St.

audiences and classes are required to interpret the meaning. German linguists insist that there are some German words which cannot be translated exactly into English and in such cases the German word must be used. Those who are not thoroughly familiar with such translations may be led into the belief that a different meaning was implied than that which the speaker intended. The matter will be taken up at the business meeting of the local church Sunday afternoon and it is understood that a large representation of the congregation is strongly of the opinion that the time has come when English ought to be used in Lutheran schools.



Until You Have Learned That One  
Great Lesson You Cannot Start On  
the Road to  
SUCCESS and HAPPINESS.

WE OFFER YOU EVERY FACIL-  
ITY FOR SAVING YOUR FUNDS.

RELIABILITY ACCOMMODATION  
STRENGTH SERVICE  
**THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
SEYMOUR, IND.

## The Kingston Orchard

Now Gathering Drops  
Each Day

Rome Beauty—75c and up per bu.  
Grimes Golden—\$1 and up per bu.

This is a real opportunity for  
canning purposes  
—ALL FRUIT SCARCE—



THIS IS THE



STORE OF SEYMOUR

## Boys' School Apparel

Things Young Fellows Need For School

**BOYS' PANTS**—straight and knickerbocker styles, in corduroys, worsteds, cassimeres, etc., all colors and styles, at 75c to \$2.50.

**BOYS' WAISTS**—and hirts, in plain and fancy white, also fancy colors; with collar attached and neck-band styles at 50c. and \$1.00.

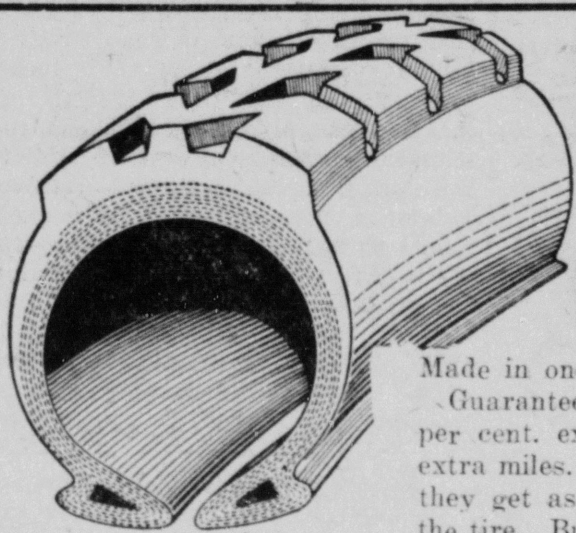
**BOYS' HATS**—in a wide assortment of the leading shapes and colorings; just the things for school, at 50c to \$2.00.

**BOYS' HOSE**—Fine and heavy ribbed stockings, in black; all sizes for school children—they are fine values, at 25c., 35c., 50c.

**BOYS' UNDERWEAR**—the new weights for early fall and school; two piece garments and union suits in all sizes and styles 50c. to \$1.25.

**BOYS' CAPS**—A large showing of the new fall styles in novelty patterns; light and dark colors; many shapes—at 50c. to \$1.50.

### A. STEINWEDEL



## Michelin Tires and Red Tubes

Made in one quality only—The Best. Guaranteed 5,000 miles, contain 20 per cent. extra weight which means extra miles. Ask Michelin tire users, they get as high as 15,000 miles to the tire. Buy before advances come.

|       |       |       |         |       |        |
|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|--------|
| 28x3  | Plain | Tread | \$16.45 | tubes | \$3.90 |
| 30x3  | Non   | Skid  | \$18.65 | tubes | \$4.05 |
| 30x3½ | Non   | Skid  | \$24.75 | tubes | \$4.70 |
| 32x3½ | Non   | Skid  | \$27.95 | tubes | \$4.85 |
| 31x4  | Non   | Skid  | \$34.65 | tubes | \$5.60 |
| 32x4  | Non   | Skid  | \$38.65 | tubes | \$6.40 |
| 33x4  | Non   | Skid  | \$38.95 | tubes | \$5.85 |
| 34x4  | Non   | Skid  | \$40.30 | tubes | \$6.80 |
| 35x4½ | Non   | Skid  | \$52.60 | tubes | \$7.90 |

We carry all these sizes in stock.

Notice: 30x3½ Michelin tire weighs 17 pound, other tire weight 11 to 12 lbs. All other Michelin in comparison.

### HOADLEY'S TIRE DEPT.

## HALLMARK

Summer Jewelry



Gold, Soft Cuff, Cuff Links  
Bar Pins and  
Cuff Pins.

Sterling, Silver Enamel  
Soft Cuff Links,  
Scarf Pins.

Gentleman's Watch Chains,  
Service Pins and  
Rings.

### J. G. Laupus

Jeweler

Despite the increased passenger tariffs, the traffic to Indianapolis on account of the state fair is as large if not greater than in former years. Special features which have been arranged there are responsible for the crowds, it is stated. Extra cars have been operated on the traction line from this city today to accommodate the increased number of passengers. It is expected that the passenger business will increase until towards the close of the week.

## PERSONAL

Fred Able made a business trip to Indianapolis today.

William Eckstein has returned from a week end visit at Cincinnati. Tipton Ross, of Marion, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Ross.

George Hercamp, of east of the city transacted business here yesterday.

Berel Beatty, of Hayden, motored here yesterday and was the guest of friends.

E. C. Kattman, of Crothersville, was a business visitor here this morning.

Mrs. John Lemon and daughter went to Cincinnati this morning for a brief visit.

Miss Hilda Howe went to Cincinnati this morning to spend the day with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Scott of Austin, were business visitors here this morning.

Arthur Newby has returned to Indianapolis after a week end visit here with relatives.

Fae Patrick, of Indianapolis, is visiting relatives near Farmington for a few days.

Miss Pearl Scitt, of Olmit, is here the guest of Miss Martha Branaman, West Fourth street.

Mrs. D. M. Hughes, of Medora, is here today the guest of her son, W. H. Hughes and family.

Mrs. Orlando Schooley and daughter, Kathleen, of Vallonia, were shopping visitors here today.

Dan Lester has returned to his home at Louisville after visiting relatives here for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Day returned home this morning from a few days visit with relatives at Tunnelton.

Hal Branaman has returned to his home at Indianapolis after a week end visit with relatives in the city.

Dr. and Mrs. L. D. Robertson and Mrs. George Thomas went to North Vernon this morning to visit for the day.

Mrs. Ulyssus Carpenter went to Deputy this morning to visit her sister, Mrs. Fred Schmidlap for several days.

Miss Bell Snow, who has been visiting relatives here for a few days, has returned to her home at North Vernon.

Mrs. Harry Smith returned from Washington this afternoon where she has been spending a few days on business.

Master Earl Sharp, of Indianapolis, is spending the week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Plump, Sr.

Mrs. Clifford Starr, who has been visiting relatives at Sparksville for a few days returned to her home this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Weddle and Mrs. H. C. McCoun, of Medora, motored here this morning for a brief business visit.

Mrs. Agnes Bradley, of Loogootee, visited here this morning enroute to Indianapolis where she will attend the state fair.

Miss Edna M. Wilson, of Washington, was here this morning enroute to Indianapolis where she will visit for a few days.

Mrs. Jay Bechtel and sons went to Columbus this morning where they will be the guests of relatives and friends for several days.

Mrs. Marcella Dryer was in the city this morning returning to her home at Indianapolis after a few days visit at Washington.

Mrs. George Nuss returned home Monday evening after an extended visit with relatives at Indianapolis, Terre Haute and Greentfield.

Mrs. Margaret McGinty went to North Vernon this morning to spend a few days with her brother-in-law, Andrew McGinty and family.

Mrs. Cora Aiken returned to her home at Moores Hill yesterday after a visit here with Mr. and Mrs. George A. Clark and other relatives.

Miss Anna Fitzgibbons, of Sparksville, was here this morning enroute to Indianapolis, where she will teach in the public schools.

Miss Madge Kattman and Miss Mabel Kovernor of Crothersville, entered the Seymour Business college today for the course of training.

Miss Alice Dixon, who is attending Central Business College at Indianapolis, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Dixon for a few days.

Mrs. Sarah Mattingly and children were here this morning enroute to their home at Indianapolis after visiting relatives at Loogootee for a few days.

Warren Cross, who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Cross for a few days, returned to Terre Haute this morning, where he is employed.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hamilton and daughter Mary returned to their home at Cincinnati this morning after a few days visit with Mrs. Lillian Otis and sons.

Mrs. Ella Steaser, of Montgomery,

## Crisp Butter Pop Corn

We have installed a new electric "Butter Kist" pop corn machine that makes the best pop corn you have ever tasted. The fresh creamery butter which we use exclusively is melted by electricity. The corn is popped the same way. Thus the odor of gas or gasoline does not taint the flavor of this corn. The corn is always fresh and it has delicious flavor that corn popped on other machines cannot have.

Try a sack. You'll see the handsome electric machine in front of

## MAXON Pharmacy

South Chestnut Street.

passed through here this morning on her way to Indianapolis where she will visit for a few days, the guest of Mrs. Flo Kretsch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Flynn, of Tunnelton, passed through here this morning on their way to Indianapolis where they will spend the week attending the state fair.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Graves, and children, of Washington, visited here this morning enroute to Indianapolis where they will spend the remainder of the week the guests of Mrs. Louise Myers.

Mr. and Mrs. Bastion Kidwell and daughter have returned to their home at Washington after visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Clements and family for a few days.

Mrs. J. E. Gault will leave tomorrow for an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. Earl Gault and other relatives at Moores Hill. Before returning home she will also visit at Milan and Aurora.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Topie and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Topie, of Champaign, Ill., who motored here several days ago and have been the guests of relatives and friends, left for their home Monday evening.

### Remember.

When the war is over, no excuse will go.

Either you were in it or you were not.

Either you shouldered your gun, served in the trenches, or the Young Men's Christian association, the Red Cross or in some place where the door was opened, or else you did nothing.

If you could not serve, you could send your boys with a Godspeed, as they marched out to the front. To hold them back stamped them as slackers.

Either you strained your resources to buy Liberty bonds or you forgot your obligation to those who fought and died for your flag.

Disqualification for active service is no justification for forgetting the boys behind the guns who sacrificed all thought of gain and were willing to sacrifice their lives at their country's call.—Leslie's.

### Drop in Irish Birthrate.

The Irish registrar general's return for the first quarter of this year shows a drop in the Irish birth rate of 3.6 below the average for the previous ten years. The marriage rate is practically stationary. The death rate is 3.3 below the average.

The general prosperity of Ireland is reflected by the fact that the returns on Irish pauperism show a decrease of 3,122 in the average number of workhouse inmates.

### You Do Say, Mr. Fisherman!

J. W. Partridge, federal fisheries commissioner, is trying to encourage housewives to buy sea fish.

He was discussing the virtues of the sea fish the other day.

"Do you believe, Mr. Partridge," asked a bystander, "that the sea trout is as good a pan fish as the lake or stream trout?"

"Well, I wouldn't say for sure," says J. W. P., "that's all a matter of taste."

—Indianapolis News.

### Ask the Thief.

The lawyer was trying hard for his client and was setting the points out in a logical manner. There was one thing he was not quite clear about and he accordingly said:

"Now, sir, you state my client knocked you down and then disappeared in the darkness. What time of night was this?"

"I can't say exactly," the complainant answered dryly. "Your client had my watch."

## A NATION'S STRENGTH IS IN ITS FOOD SUPPLY

Eat Less—Waste nothing  
Create a Reserve

AMERICA MUST FEED  
120,000,000 ALLIES



## If You Are Looking

For Clean Merchandise

AT FAIR PRICES

—IN—

## DRY GOODS and READY-TO-WEAR

Go To

### SIMON'S

Buy War Savings Stamps and help win over the "Kaiser"

## SOCIAL EVENTS

### ENTERTAINED.

Miss Matilda Buhner very pleasantly entertained a company of friends Sunday night at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Buse, near Sauers, in honor of her guests, Misses Emma and Laura Lambring, of Oklahoma. The evening was spent in music and games and concluded with the serving of light refreshments. The guests included the honor guests, Misses Emma and Laura Lambring, and Misses Emma Brand, Emma Hageman, Edna Brand, Elhara Lambring, Alma Moening, Lydia Lambring, Alma Schulte, Erma Steinkamp, Esther Siefker, Laura Hoevener, Amelia Rodert and Verna Sutton, and Messrs. Will Buhner, Edward Hageman, Albert Schulte, Elmer Spieker, Ben Buhner, Martin Lambring, Martin Siefker, Walter Hackman, Henry Steltenpohl, Charles Lambring, Louis Brand and Albert Pollert.

### SOCIETY ENTERTAINED.

An interesting meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First M. E. church was held this afternoon when the members were entertained at the home of Mrs. Frank Teckemeyer on West Fourth street. The program included several delightful musical selections and at the conclusion a social hour was held.

### I. O. U. SOCIAL.

The Junior and Intermediate classes of the First Baptist Sunday School will entertain the entire Sunday School with an I. O. U. social next Friday evening at the church parlors. The hours will be from 7:45 to 10 o'clock and a number of interesting diversions are being planned for the entertainment of the guests.

### LOYAL DEVOIR SOCIETY.

Mrs. Carl Meyer will be hostess at the regular meeting of the Loyal Devoir Society of the Central Christian church entertaining this evening at her home on West Second street. She will be assisted by her sister, Miss Elsie Reynolds.

### CLUB ENTERTAINED.

Miss Harriett Montgomery entertained the members of her sewing club informally Monday evening at her home on North Walnut street. The evening was spent in a pleasant social manner and at the conclusion a dainty luncheon was served.

### DINNER PARTY.

Mrs. John A. Kieffer of Brownstown, was hostess at a 7 o'clock dinner party Monday evening entertain-

## September Days

Are made more enjoyable by using Nyal Face Cream. It keeps the skin clear and soft, and removes summer tan and freckles. Used once daily it's effect is wonderful.

Nyal Corn Remover relieves all foot troubles. At

Cox Pharmacy  
Phone 100

### COMING EVENTS.

#### Wednesday.

Auxiliary of the Mooseheart Legion at the Moose hall. (Evening.)

Brownstown Wednesday Club with Mrs. Jerry McOsker. (Afternoon.)

#### Thursday.

Ladies' Aid Society of the St. Paul church at the Sunday School room. (Afternoon.)

Order of Eastern Star at the Masonic Temple. (Evening.)

Woman's Relief Corps at the G. A. R. hall. (Afternoon.)

Order of Security Knights and Ladies at the Court of Honor hall. (Evening.)

#### Friday.

Order of Court of Honor at the lodge hall. (Evening.)

Sewing Society of the First Baptist church at the church parlor. (Afternoon.)

Ladies' Aid Society of the Central Christian church at the church parlor. (Afternoon.)

Amitie Club with Mrs. Clyde McGowan, West Fifth street. (Afternoon.)

Ladies' Aid Society of the First M. E. church at the Sunday School room. (Afternoon.)

#### Baptist Primary.

The Primary Department of the Baptist Sunday School will meet at the church Thursday at 1:00 p. m., to go to the picnic. Each child should bring enough lunch for himself in a small box or parcel.

## COUNTRY STORE

### FOR SALE

Considerably Below Cost Today

2 only 32x3½ Goodrich First Quality Safety Tread Automobile Tires, straight side, each ..... \$19.00

2 only 33x4 Goodrich Silvertown Cord Tires, best that money can buy, straight side, each ..... \$39.75

33x4 First Quality Goodrich Inner Tubes, each ..... \$3.85

32x3½ First Quality Goodrich Inner Tubes, each ..... \$2.95

### RAY R. KEACH

East Second Street.

Seymour, Ind

## Special Prices

To Clean Up  
The Remainder  
of Our Stock

|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| 10c can Macaroni or Spaghetti.....                | 2 for 15c      |
| 5c can Macaroni or Spaghetti.....                 | 4 for 15c      |
| 15c bottle of Catsup.....                         | 10c            |
| 25c bottle of Catsup.....                         | 19c            |
| 15c can of Pumpkin.....                           | 10c            |
| Sugar Corn, per dozen.....                        | \$1.75         |
| Early June Peas, per dozen.....                   | \$1.75         |
| Jelly.....  | 2 glasses 15c  |
| Jello, all flavors, per package.....              | 10c            |
| Fancy Baked Beans with tomato sauce, per doz..... | \$2.25         |
| Fancy Rolled Oats, per package.....               | 10c            |
| Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour.....                  | 2 packages 25c |

### MAYES' CASH GROCERY

Phone No. 658



400 Rooms  
European  
Plan  
Fireproof

Comfort  
Convenience  
Modernness  
Prestige

## GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL ~CHICAGO~

Jackson Blvd. Dearborn and Quincy Streets  
Opposite Post Office

There are staunch friends of The Great Northern in almost every community in the United States. Many thousands of guests, yearly, visiting Chicago on business or vacation find the accommodations of this hotel satisfactory to the full extent. Reasonable charges in all departments.

Excellent restaurant and grill; banquet rooms; unusually large sample rooms

### RATES PER DAY

|                       |       |               |
|-----------------------|-------|---------------|
| Single, detached bath | ..... | \$1.50 & \$2  |
| private               | ..... | \$2.50 to \$5 |
| Two persons           | ..... | \$3 to \$6    |

JOHN C. O'NEILL, Manager

### "SOUTH-EASTERN LINE"

#### CHICAGO, TERRE HAUTE AND SOUTHEASTERN RAILROAD COMPANY

North Bound—Daily: No. 2 leaves Seymour for Terre Haute and intermediate points at 6:30 a. m. No. 4 leaves Seymour for Terre Haute and intermediate points at 12:00 noon.

South Bound—Daily: No. 1 arrives in Seymour at 11:00 a. m. No. 3 arrives in Seymour at 5:40 p. m.

No. 28 mixed train Northbound, leaves Westport 8:30 a. m. arrives at Seymour 10:40 a. m., daily, except Sunday.

No. 27 mixed train Southbound, leaves Seymour 3:20 p. m., arrives Westport 6:00 p. m., daily, except Sunday.

For further information of time tables call on or write J. T. AVERITT, G. F. & P. A. O. L. MOORE, G. A.

B. & O. Station, Chicago, Ills., Seymour, Ind.

### INTERSTATE PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

#### Seymour to Indianapolis

Hoosier Flyers leave Seymour for Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at 9:18 and 11:18 a. m. and 1:18, 3:18, 6:18 and 8:18 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Indianapolis and all intermediate points at 6:55, 8:05, 9:55 and 11:55 a. m., and 1:55, 3:55, 5:18, 8:00, \*10:45 and 11:40 p. m. Car marked \*, runs to Greenwood only. Car marked x, runs to Columbus only.

For special service see Scott Hardin, local agent, or address Bert Weedon, G. F. & P. A., 510 Board of Trade, Indianapolis, Ind.

#### Seymour to Louisville

Last Car Leaves Louisville 11:15 p. m.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11 and 9:11 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., \*1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, \*8:00 and \*11:00 p. m. Cars marked \*, run to Scottsburg only.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE  
TRACTION RAILWAY COMPANY

### AMERICAN BRAWN AND DOLLARS ARE WINNING THE WAR

Gen. March Says With 4,000,000  
Khaki-clad Yanks The Hun Can  
be Vanquished.

When the Germans began their tremendous drive March 21 only 300,000 American soldiers were in France. The purpose of the enemy was to break through, reach the English Channel and thereby separate the English and French armies, so that the path to Paris would be clear. They knew that the drive must be rushed, that it might be accomplished before the American army could be transported to Europe.

The Germans failed to reckon with the energy of the United States. The drive that threatened to separate the two allies forced a recognition of the need of getting a large force to Europe at once. It inspired the almost superhuman effort that resulted in the transportation of 1,500,000 fighting Americans to European battlefields.

Additional drives launched by the Germans in the succeeding months emphasized the reasons for speed.

Meantime preparation of United States troops were rushed. The fighting men were transported at a rate of 250,000 to 300,000 a month, in spite of the submarine menace.

The inrush of American troops gave the Allied forces a new determination to hold. But while all this was going on the equally vigilant and desperate enemy realized that no time could be lost for a decisive blow before the new and fresh American troops were ready. Gradually the entry of United States troops justified the faith of their French and English allies. As the transports, loaded with vigorous soldiers who, six months prior, had been business men, clerks and mechanics, reached European shores they were placed in the lines.

At Cantigny, at Vaux, at Bailleau Wood, around Toul, in the Vosges, at Chateau Thierry, the American soldiers proved their mettle.

With the entrance of those comparatively few troops it became apparent that the probability of success for the Hun race was lessened as the number of American soldiers increased. This was amply shown as the months passed, and the troops increased from 300,000 to more than 1,000,000. It was early in July that the Huns, appreciating that American troops were arriving in great numbers, but still believing the hour had not passed when they could successfully strike, launched their last drive toward Paris. For several days they drove forward, gaining ground each day, until the American forces rushed in to stem the tide and turned the forward movement into a rout. While the American troops and influence were giving the Germans a reverse, Gen. Foch launched the counter attack between Soissons and Chateau Thierry, resulting in a retreat of the Hun forces which amounted almost to a rout, and with it joyfully startled the world.

Following the recovering of a large part of the territory gained by the Germans, a successful counter attack farther north along the line was launched by the British.

To the Allied hearts the best part of it is that the movement was carried on by the Allied forces with smaller numbers than the enemy forces were able to command. Six months ago it would have been impossible for the same number of Allied forces to have successfully carried out such a movement. The improved morale resulted from the appearance of American troops in numbers.

As the United States forces arrived and demonstrated their fighting prowess the Allied generals and masses realized the tide was turning and that success was not far away.

It was not alone the American forces, but the American dollars as well, that was accomplishing this renewal of confidence.

The first, second and third Liberty Loan issues have provided the sinews of war no less than the brave men who have been sent to the front. The men must be furnished ships for transportation, for food, supplies and munitions.

Without the dollars subscribed by the American people through the first three Liberty Loans the success of American arms to date would have been impossible.

The continued increase in transportation of American troops has demonstrated that the larger the forces to defeat the Germans the sooner the conflict will be over.

Gen. March, Chief of Staff of the United States Army, has said that the fighting forces of the United States must be increased to 4,000,000 men. To get that number of men ready, so as to shorten the war, will require billions of dollars. The American people will subscribe the Fourth Liberty Loan secure in the knowledge that it means a speedy victory for American arms.

#### "Orion" Type of Stars.

The youngest stars of which we have knowledge are the "Orion" type of stars. The constellation of Orion is composed mainly of them, as well as parts of Taurus, the Pleiades, and parts of Perseus. In color, they are much like the Sirius type, bluish white, and brilliant, but a spectroscopic at once detects the difference between them. Stars like Sirius and Vega are surrounded by hydrogen gas, but the Orion stars have no hydrogen, and are made of helium and nebula. They often have great volumes of fine nebula dust about them, showing that they are still in the process of condensing out of the primitive star matter.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

# Used 40 Years

# CARDUI

(PRONOUNCED CARD-YOU-EYE)

## The Woman's Tonic

10-2

### RAY BROWN JOINS COLORS AND SHOWS FATHER HIS DUTY

Improving on Putman Farmer Boy  
Cares for Plow, Dons Khaki and  
Goes to Front.

One sundown last June Raymond Brown stopped his team at the end of the corn rows. He swung his cultivator around, lifted the shovels so the wet earth would not rust their glittering surfaces and unhitched his team. The next day he was on his way to Camp Taylor and the next day he was in khaki. His younger brother was in the field carrying on his work.

It was sundown a few days later when Raymond Brown's father spoke of the war, war gifts and government loans as he saw them. There was maybe a dozen men in front of the blacksmith shop as he talked.

"Yes, Raymond's gone," he said. "It makes things look a lot different. Last winter I gave a dollar to the Red Cross and I helped out a little while back when the Y. M. C. A. wanted help, and that money was a gift. I bought some war stamps—mind you, bought them—and was glad I could."

"But let me tell you that when the next Liberty Loan comes around I'll buy two dollars' worth where I bought one before. That boy's going to be in France one of these days and it is a far country. I am not going to fail him when he gets over there. And every dollar I put in bonds is just that much protection for him. It backs him up and makes his fight easier. The man who goes deserves all we can do for him and for the country that is sending him across. And, after all, we are buying something that is as good and better than the money we pay for it when we buy a bond. But you have to feel this war come close to know just why you ought to buy a bond."

There are more Raymond Browns in the army now than there were last June, and more fathers and kinfolks are thinking about the lad who stepped away from the home fires to the hell fires that never die down on the west front.

There will be a vim and a determination in the Fourth Liberty Loan subscriptions that will be greater than before. Then, too, the man who has no relatives in the army, who is just a plain God-fearing American citizen, is feeling the thing a little harder. His love of country may not be a thing that he talks about very much, but he feels it. He may not be able to drive a bayonet through a Hun, but he can make his weight felt when it comes to a war loan and he proposes to do it.

The man who thinks sees very clearly that when he puts his money into a Liberty Loan he is putting it into something that will come back as surely as his government lives. Only the fool or the pro-German says that the Liberty Loans are a poor investment. The American knows that his government will do just what it says it will.

He gives his money for a bond that is a solemn promise to pay his money back at the end of a certain number of years. He knows that the interest will be paid just as surely as anything can be in the world. No I. W. W., no American Bolshevik with a foreign name and a foreign twist to his tongue, is going to shatter the American's confidence in the government he is helping to maintain.

We simply lend, and the money comes back with interest. The bond is as good as American gold and is backed by every acre of land, every piece of property and by the blood of every man in America.

The more money we raise the sooner we finish the job of smashing the Kaiser. That is about "the sum and the substance" of the whole matter. America is in the war with every man and gun and dollar, and proposes to make a clean and quick job of it.

It is everybody's war. It is no rich man's war, no poor man's war, but it is everybody's fight. The rich man is buying his bonds and fighting in the army and the poor man is buying what he can and fighting in the same army. We are giving our men but we are lending our money.

You can give money to the American Red Cross, and you ought to be proud of the privilege.

When the Y. M. C. A. asks for money it asks it as a gift. The Y. M.

C. A. has no bonds to sell.

You can give money to the Knights of Columbus, to the Salvation Army War Fund and to other war-working bodies, but you cannot give money to the United States of America.

But you can lend it, and the interest is at the fair and reasonable rate of 4 1/4 per cent for the Fourth Liberty Loan that opens Sept. 28.

You have the best of reasons for lending it. Out from your doorway, or from that of the house next door, a young man in khaki has gone with "the colors." He is fighting in France today or is training to go overseas. It is the job of the stay-at-home to back him up. The man back home must put a rifle in his hands, cartridges in his belt, a uniform on his back and bread in his mouth. While the lad in khaki is offering and giving his life, the man who buys a Liberty Bond is not giving—he is lending his money.

### CLEVELAND CITY OF MONEY

From This Little Story It Would Seem  
There Are Some Plutocrats in  
the Ohio Metropolis.

A New York hotel manager just back from a Western trip declares that the high cost of living is not confined to New York when it comes to dining out. "Occasionally we hear a bleat from some one who has been nicked to the war time in the region of the bright lights," said the manager, "but let me tell you there are many tortured cries elsewhere. Cleveland has the jump on most of the high cost of things along the gustatory route. In looking over the bill of fare at one of the big hotels there I noticed one special dish was emphasized in black letters. It was Philadelphia capon, for which \$7.50 was asked for a single portion. I much prefer just plain chicken, but if this capon thing was the caper, why I was willing to go the route. The head waiter was sympathetically apologetic. 'I'm sorry, sir; but the last portion has just been served. We've had a phenomenal run on the capon. In the present plenitude of money in Cleveland I do not doubt that there would be a ravening run on Philadelphia capon if it were offered at \$10 a portion. It is a relentless appetite that will not be denied.'"

### NO DOUBTING HIS MEANING

Corporal's Words Must Have Contained Full Information Even to the Most Unintelligent.

This week's story from the front: A certain company sergeant major was not popular with his men. They accused him of having cold feet.

One day the company went into a rest camp 20 miles behind the firing line, where it was an impossibility any shells could reach them. The ground, however, was very waterlogged, and a fatigue party was detailed to dig a drainage trench.

Presently a sergeant happened to pass that way.

"What are you digging there?" he shouted to the corporal in charge of the job.

A grimy face, from which the sweat was pouring, popped up from the trench. It belonged to one of the sergeant major's most persistent and relentless adversaries.

"Diggin' a communication trench from the sergeants' mess to the sergeant major's dugout," he shouted, in a voice well within hearing of the mess tent, at the entrance to which the N. C. O. in question was standing.—Pearson's Weekly.

### POSTAL SYSTEM IN DISARRAY

German Government at Its Wit's End to Stop Thievery From the Goods in Transit.

Extraordinary steps have been taken by the German government to call a halt to the thieves within the postal system. It was claimed that out of ten parcels sent three would disappear. Packages to soldiers at the front containing food, delicacies and clothing would disappear more frequently than any other shipments. All appeals to the patriotic spirit of the thieves were of no avail. The per-

centage of thefts increased steadily. Finally the government was compelled to take drastic and systematic measures. The military branch was called in and stations of control manned by non-commissioned officers and soldiers were planted at principal railroad points in the empire. The employment of mere youths is blamed for the deterioration of the postal service. Practically all the employees of military age had to join the army and their places were filled by boys and girls. Besides, the scarcity of food tempts many to steal.

### Insects That Have Food Value.

Among insects which have been and are considered of gastronomic value are caterpillars, moths, a favorite in some parts of Africa; the pupae of the silkworm in China; ants, alive and roasted, are appreciated in Burmah, as well as by the Indians of North and South America, while it is said the lumbermen of Maine enjoy an occasional meal of large wood ants. The beetle is eaten in the Nile valley, in Turkey, Lombardy, Java, Peru, and is said to be nutritious and fattening. In Central America the eggs of three aquatic bugs are made into little cakes and eaten. Mexicans make a strong drink by infusing a tiger beetle in alcohol.

## TELLS HOW TO GET BACK OLD TIME AMBITION

Discoverer instructs druggists everywhere not to take a cent of anyone's money unless Bio-feren doubles energy, vigor and nerve force in two weeks.

### 7 A DAY FOR 7 DAYS

Any man or woman who finds that they are going backward, are not as strong as they used to be, have lost confidence in their ability to accomplish things, are nervous and run down should take two Bio-feren tablets after each meal and one at bedtime. Seven a day for seven days. Then take one after each meal until the supply is exhausted. Then if your nervousness is not gone, if you do not feel twice as strong and energetic as before, if your sluggish disposition has not been changed to a vigorous active one, take back the empty package and your money will be returned without comment. No matter what excesses, worry, overwork—too much tobacco or alcohol—have weakened your body and wrecked your nerves, any druggist anywhere is authorized to refund your money on request if Bio-feren, the mighty upbuilder of blood, muscle and brain does not do just what is claimed for it.

Note to Physicians: There is no secret about the formula of Bio-feren, it is printed on every package. Here it is: Lecithin; Calcium Glycero-phosphate; Iron Peptonate; Manganese Peptonate; Ext. Nux Vomica; Powd. Gentian; Phenolphthalein; Oleoresin Capsicum; Kola.

**Scree**  
Keeps Teeth Clean  
and Gums Healthy  
Specie indicated  
for treatment of  
Soft, Spongy and Bleeding  
Gums.

All Druggists and Toilet Counters.

**Bio-feren**  
LEAVES NO AFTER-EFFECTS  
EXCEPT HEALTH  
ALL DRUGGISTS—LARGE PACKAGE \$10

Republican Classified Advs.  
are always getting results.



# The Red Button

BY  
**Will Irwin**  
AUTHOR OF  
THE CITY THAT WAS, ETC.

ILLUSTRATED BY  
**Harry R. Grissinger**

COPYRIGHT 1912  
BOBBS-MERRILL CO.

CHAPTER I.

The Boarders.

Regarding the events of that rainy autumn evening at Mrs. Moore's boarding-house in the far West Twenties of New York, accounts differ somewhat—although not enough, after all, but what we may piece together a connected story. Until the great event, they were trivial. It was the reflected light of the tragedy which gave them their importance.

Most of the boarders remained indoors, since it was too wet in the early evening for faring out-of-doors with comfort. After dinner, Miss Harding and Miss Jones, stenographers, who shared a room-and-a-cloves on the second floor, entertained "company" in the parlor on the ground floor—two young office-mates who figure but dimly in this tale. These callers came at eight o'clock. A few minutes later Professor Noll joined them. Professor Noll was a diet delusionist, the assistant editor of a health-food magazine. He lived on the third floor, across the hall from Captain Hanska.

Miss Harding and Miss Jones had not arrived at that point with their young men where they wanted to visit alone. When Professor Noll entered and suggested music, they welcomed him. He sat down to the piano, therefore, and they all sang the foolish ephemeral songs of the picture-shows. Mrs. Moore stood in the hall for a time, listening. Once or twice she left momentarily to look after towels, furnace-heat and other housewifely cares. One of these tours took her to the top of the house, where Miss Estrilla, the lady sick with weak eyes, lived in a half-darkened room. She was a newcomer, this Miss Estrilla, and not yet well enough to take her meals in the dining-room. Miss Estrilla's brother, a slim, mercurial little Latin with an entertaining trick of the tongue, was reading to her by a shaded lamp, as he often did of evenings. When Mrs. Moore rejoined the others, they were singing full-voice.

On the stairs Mrs. Moore met Captain Hanska passing up from his late and solitary dinner. He was a little irregular about meals; and this evening he had come in, demanding dinner, after everything was cleared away. Half the boarding-house liked Captain Hanska, and half disliked him. Rather (and more accurately) all half-liked and half-hated him.

Before he started up the stairs he paused an instant at the parlor door and looked upon the singers.

"Come on in—the water's fine!" called Miss Harding jocularly.

Captain Hanska returned no answer. Apparently one of his sardonic gibes was on his lips, but he let it die there. And he turned away.

"He can certainly be a grouch when he wants to," said Miss Harding, as though apologizing to the young men. "Fierce!" exclaimed Miss Jones. And they resumed their singing. As Captain Hanska passed Mrs. Moore on the lower flight of stairs, his head was bent and he gave no sign of recognition.

Mrs. Moore did not leave the parlor, she testified afterward, until Mr. Lawrence Wade called, asking for Captain Hanska. As on previous occasions, he gave her his card, which read: "Mr. Lawrence Wade, Curfew Club." He had called before; whether two or three times, Mrs. Moore's memory would never serve to tell. But she recognized him perfectly—she would have known him anywhere, she said.

Mrs. Moore carried the card to Captain Hanska's room on the third floor. "What is it?" he growled, as she knocked.

"Mr. Wade to see you," she replied. She remembered afterward that he paused for an instant before he answered; also she heard a rustling as though some one were moving about.

"I've gone to bed," he said after a pause. "Where is he? Down-stairs?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then show him up," said the Captain, "but say I've gone to bed."

Mrs. Moore turned back to summon Mr. Wade, as she did so, Mr. Estrilla came down from the floor above.

"Oh, good evening, Mr. Estrilla!" said Mrs. Moore. "Did your sister—"

Just then the voice of Captain Hanska broke in from behind the door.

"Wait a minute. Ask Mr. Wade if he minds my not getting up. I've a cold and I've taken some medicine."

"Very well, Captain," replied Mrs. Moore. Estrilla, seeing that she was engaged, went on down-stairs to the front door.

This narrative has gone, so far, from the point of view of Mrs. Moore. We will shift now to Miss Harding; for a time let her mind be the crystal of our thought. A moment before Mrs. Moore came back and told Mr. Wade that Captain Hanska would see him, Mr. Estrilla appeared at the door of the parlor. Although they had seen but little of him at Mrs. Moore's, he was popular for a Latin lightness of temperament, a cheerful and winning smile, a nimble wit which lost nothing because of his quaint accent, and va-



"Some Sort of Rumpus Going On Up There."

rious, winsome, actor tricks which Mrs. Moore called "capers." At that moment they were singing "Yip-hi-addy-hi-ay," then in its first run, Mr. Estrilla, bundled up in hat and mackintosh, cut a curvet in the hall, kicked out one of his small Andalusian feet, joined a note of the chorus in a pleasant, light, tenor voice, changed to a falsetto tone which was plainly an imitation of Miss Harding's singing, and whirled toward the outer door. Miss Harding called:

"Come in and sing!" But Mr. Estrilla only pivoted through the door, calling:

"Buenos noches—yip-hi-addy-hi-ay!"

Perhaps five minutes later, Miss Harding went up-stairs for a handkerchief. For a moment she was absent-minded—a rare thing with her—so that instead of turning on the second floor, where her room was situated, she continued another flight and brought up, suddenly aware of her mistake, at the third-floor landing. Something held her there for a moment—the sound of high words from Captain Hanska's room. Miss Harding paused longer than necessary. She was an honorable girl enough, but the most honorable of us pay instinctive tribute to our curiosity.

"I tell you both I won't" came Captain Hanska's rather harsh voice.

"Oh, I think perhaps I can make you change your mind," came other accents which, Miss Harding reflected, went perfectly with the personality of Mr. Lawrence Wade.

"Some sort of a rumpus going on up there," said Miss Harding as she regained the parlor. Then remembering that she must account to Miss Jones for her presence on the third floor—the bachelor quarters of the establishment—she added vaguely, "You can hear it just as plain!"

They had all stopped singing from

very weariness of voice, and Mrs. Moore and Professor Noll had retired to leave the young couples alone with their devices, when Mr. Wade appeared again in the hall—this time on his way out. Every one saw him plainly, especially Miss Harding, who sat facing the door.

"Look who's here, Essie!" she whispered in an undertone to Miss Jones. As she recalled it afterward, he seemed a little pale. He cast no more than one quick absent glance at the group by the piano; and the door closed behind him. Within ten minutes, the "company" left and the young women went to their room. There was silence in the house.

Silence until half past two o'clock—and then Tommy North, who occupied the third floor front, came home from a stag smoker drunk.

This was not the first time that he had returned, uncertain of tongue and foot, in the hours of vice. On the last occasion, he made so much noise that Miss Harding refused him her countenance for a week and Mrs. Moore gave him warning. That warning rested at the bottom of his maudlin psychology as he crept up to the front door, unlocked it, and stole within.

The vigilant Mrs. Moore, who woke at every night entrance of lodgers, leaped out of bed, opened her door a crack, and observed Tommy as he stood balancing himself under the dim point of the gas-jet. Oblivious to the open door and the watchful eye, he made a turn about the newel-post and began putting one foot cautiously before the other, saying over and over a drunken refrain which ran:

"Hay foot—straw foot—one goes up and the other goes down." So he vanished from the vision of Mrs. Moore. By similar devices he negotiated the stretch of hall carpet on the second floor, and took the next flight. He was near his haven now—his own room, third floor front. In the dim hall light, he balanced himself and let his tongue play again.

"Energy and perseverance—victory almost won," he said. "Just talk to your feet and let 'em do your work." But the muscular effort of climbing two flights had sent his liquor surging to his head, so that he dizzied and staggered. He caught the banister for support. Then something, real or fancied, caught his eye—something which held his drunken attention. He stooped and clutched at it. The effort overbalanced him and sent him sprawling on his hands into some wet sticky substance.

"Fearful careless housekeeping," he said as he regained his feet, "forces me to extreme measure wiping hands on shirt. No other place to wipe hands. Renewed necessity arises"—he stopped and repeated the phrase with inordinate delight—"renewed necessity for reaching own room." He caught the knob as he fell, and the barrier opened, letting him tumble on his own motion to the floor. He kicked the door shut as he lay prostrate, and then managed to pull himself upright and reach the electric-light button—for Mrs. Moore burned gas in the halls for economy, but electric lights in the rooms. The two tumbles had thrown him into another state of consciousness; his head began to clear and his motions to steady. So he turned, his predicament still in his mind, to the wash-stand in the corner.

Above it hung a mirror. In passing, Tommy's gaze swept the glass, leaped back, caught on what blanched his face to a sickly white, what steadied his unsteady figure until it stood straight and stiff, what cleared his head so violently that he could think with all the swiftness of terror.

On his dress shirt-front was the imprint of a huge red hand.

"Whose?" Tommy asked himself one instant. The next, his gaze bounded from the mirror to his own hands.

Blood mired his fingers. On his coat was blood, on his sleeve was blood, on his knees was blood, on his very shoes. He looked at the mirror again. Across his chin zigzagged a dark red line—blood also.

His first sane thought was that he had cut himself, and was bleeding to death. He looked again at his hands, but saw no wound. Then, drunken memories lingering a little in his sober mind, he remembered the fall and the process of wiping his hands. He ran back to the hallway, turned up the pin-point of light on the gas-jet. There it was, a thin stream of blood, spotted a little where he had fallen in it. And it was widest where it began its flow—at the threshold of Captain Hanska's door. In a weak access of real terror, he fell to pounding on the wall and shouting:

"Murder! Murder!"

Suddenly mastering himself, he seized the knob of Captain Hanska's door. The latch gave way—it was not locked. But it opened no more than

a foot or two—scarcely enough to give a man passage—when something blocked it from behind. In the temporary weakness of his will, Tommy North shrank back from entering such a place of veritable horror. He shouted again; and now Professor Noll, looking in his bathrobe like a strange priest of a strange Eastern rite, rushed from his room gasping:

"What's the matter?"

The blood, the pale, gibbering, dabbled young man, were explanation enough. He himself opened the door as far as it could go, and edged into the room.

"Matches, quick!" he called from within. Tommy North found his match-case; and the mastery of another mind, with the example of better courage, drew him after Professor Noll. He lighted a match, held it up. It flared and blazed until it burned his fingers. In that flickering transitory light they saw all that it was necessary to see.

Captain Hanska's body blocked the door. He lay dressed in his pajamas, the shrunken relic of what had been a portly man—lay on his back with his hands lifted over his head as though he were clutching at the air. From his breast stuck the haft of a great knife; and from the wound the pool of blood flowed to the threshold. The match went out; and with a common impulse Tommy North and Professor Noll struggled to see who would be the first to get back through that door.

There followed alarms, screams, the running of women, hysterics on the part of Mrs. Moore, who had started from bed at Tommy's first cry. Tommy North, albeit ordinarily a brave and resourceful young man enough, was of no use in this crisis, what with the compression of ten emotional years into ten minutes of life. Worse for him, the hen-minded Mrs. Moore, seeing the blood, cried, "You murderer!" clutched at his coat, and fell into a faint. Upon Professor Noll devolved the masculine guidance of this affair. And he thought first, not of the police, but of a doctor. By this time, Miss Harding and Miss Jones were weeping breast to breast; Mrs. Moore had recovered to say that she always expected it of Mr. North, and Miss Estrilla, the invalid lady on the top floor, had called from the head of the stairs, "What is it?" With the brutality which impels us in crises to confide unpalliated horrors, some one shrieked, "Hanska's murdered!"

There came from above some Spanish ejaculations to which no one paid much attention, and then a rattling of the hook of the telephone, which hung on a door-post in that fourth-floor hall.

Professor Noll, his mind still on the necessity for calling a doctor, slipped into ulster and bed-shoes and rushed across the street to rouse the house physician in the apartment-hotel. He was some time making himself known and understood. As he neared his own door again, he saw Mr. Estrilla entering almost on the run.

"There's been a murder! Captain Hanska's killed!" Professor Noll called after him.

"I know—my seester's telephone—she is frighten!" Estrilla called back shrilly over his shoulder. And he hurried up the stairs.

By this time, the open door, the fluttering lights, the screams and hysterics, had begun to attract the attention of this and that late pedestrian. A milkman pulled up, hitched, and entered; and then a night-faring printer. Presently the little knot in the street and the parlor was augmented by a woman, fully and rather over-luxuriously dressed, as though for the theater—a big picture hat and a black satin, fur-edged evening coat over a light gown which showed here and there the glitter of sequins. She was a large but shapely woman of uncertain age; yet so pleasing withal that the gathering loafers, even in the excitement of a murder, spared a few admiring glances at her face.

"I'm goin' up," she confided to her fellows. "I belong there—they need a sensible woman, from the way they're screechin'. You better not follow—you'll do no good an' it might git you involved." With surprising lightness, considering her bulk, she mounted the stairs.

The noise guided her to the focus of interest; she pushed her way into the room of the late Captain Hanska, and stood looking about with a pair of large serious eyes which took in every detail. She bent her gaze on the dead man, stooped, made quick examination, first of the wound and then of his face. Both Mrs. Moore and Miss Harding were about to ask this stranger to account for herself, when the doctor, half-dressed but carrying his bag, edged past the door. All turned to him. He looked but an instant on the face.

"He's dead," he said calmly. "Has any one notified the police? Has any one called up a Coroner?"

"I'll attend to that," volunteered the strange woman, with an air of perfect competence and command; "where's the phone—ground floor and top floor hall? All right; I'll use the top floor; that's nearer. Any particular Coroner, Doctor? Lipschutz? All right."

In the hall, she met the regular patrolman, who had received the news at last. The limb of the law had forbidden the augmented crowd at the door to follow him; he was ascending alone. The sight of this woman in her fashionable clothes—or was it her compelling look of command—stopped him.

"Listen," she said, "there's only a second. Never mind who I am. Look at this." She produced the old and worn piece of paper which she had drawn from her bag a minute before. "To the police," it read. "Any matter that concerns the bearer, Mrs. Rosalie Le Grange, is to be referred to me. I request you to give her the greatest discretion."

"INSPECTOR MARTIN M'GEE." "Not a word," pursued Rosalie Le Grange. "Now mind I don't see this thing, an' I don't know as much about it as you. But it's your job to tip me off to the reserves as soon as they come—make them understand that they ain't to stop me whatever I do. And remember—now the woman smiled in a meaning way—"you got here just as quick as you could—not a second later—I'll stick to that. Now get inside." She waited a moment, before she followed him.

At that moment, Senor Estrilla came down the stairs from his sister's room. He had opened his raincoat, but it was still wet. He had turned up his hat brim, but an occasional drop fell.

"My seester is better," he said. "Oh, can I assist?" And while he helped the men to cover the body, he listened to scattered explanations from the women.

Now the reserves had come; and after them, the Coroner and the detectives. They cleared out the house, holding only those who seemed to them pertinent witnesses. At a signal from Rosalie Le Grange they detained her for a time, on the ground that she had arrived suspiciously early. The first unorganized search for the criminal simmered down to Tommy North, although even Mrs. Moore admitted that he had entered only a minute before the body was discovered. In the midst of the investigation, a new quandary presented itself. The house was to be sealed while the police investigated. The innocent would have to find some other dwelling-place. That suited her, Miss Harding remarked; she wouldn't sleep there again; whereupon Mrs. Moore, declaring she was ruined, fell again to weeping. And suddenly she who called herself Madame Le Grange stepped forward into the huddled distressed group.

"I haven't introduced myself," she said, with easy masterful calm, "but I've just opened the house at 442 as a boarding-house. You ain't going to hold me, of course"—this to the police—"and, anyhow, you know where to find me in case you want me. There's room to-night in my house for you all." She turned, with her eternal air of mistress in any situation, to Miss Harding. "Come, dress and pack up your night things, my dear. We can move your trunks to-morrow." Mechanically, Miss Harding obeyed, and then Miss Jones. Suddenly Mr. Estrilla, who had been ministering to Mrs. Moore by the door, spoke up and asked:

"My seester, too?"

"She's sick, ain't she?" inquired Mrs. Le Grange, as if for an instant she gave her pause. "Then the poor thing needs it worst of all!" she answered her own argument. "Coffee on!" She dashed away, lightly in spite of her bulk, Estrilla following.

While Rosalie Le Grange was preparing to move the invalid on the top floor, the police and the Coroner straightened out affairs a little. There was much man in Tommy North. If he had played the craven in the first rush of his gruesome discovery, it was because he had wakened to that state of tense depression which comes with the sudden departure of drunkenness. He became defiant now; whereupon the police began to bully. While they were trying to make Mrs. Moore admit that she had not seen Tommy North come up the stairs, a detective sergeant put a sneering question to her—

"Well, who else could have done it? Who else has been here?"

And the flush of memory brought a little shriek from Mrs. Moore.

"Mr. Wade—the gentleman who called tonight!" she cried. All at once her suspicions left the branded Mr. North. Mr. Wade had come late in the evening—and that, in the doctor's opinion, was just about the time when Captain Hanska must have died.

**TONIC - UPBUILDER**  
Stubborn Coughs, Weak Lungs and Colds  
Try  
**Eckman's Alternative**  
For many years this Calcium preparation has maintained an ever-increasing reputation for accomplishing good, and often remarkable results.

|                        |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| \$2 Size<br>now \$1.50 | \$1 Size<br>now 80c |
|------------------------|---------------------|

Price Includes War Tax. All Druggists. Eckman Laboratory Philadelphia

Mr. Wade had called two or three times before, always at night. Trembling, she found his card, "Lawrence Wade, Curfew Club," in the plated tray at the hall door. Suddenly Miss Harding, who had been refusing all light on the events of the evening, gave a little shriek.

"Why, they were quarreling when I went—" she cried. Then she stopped, as though fearful of her own words.



"Never Mind Who I Am. Look at This."

The police turned on her. In a tumble of words and emotions, she told what she knew. Mr. Wade's late call, the high words, the fact that none had heard a sound from Captain Hanska's room after Wade left the house—that was enough for the Coroner and the detectives. They packed Tommy North—sober, pale, but now thoroughly collected—into the patrol wagon, sent the hue and cry to the Curfew Club after Mr. Wade, put the house under guard, and called their day's work done.

And the rest of the Moore establishment, having first received dreadful warning concerning the fate of absconding witnesses, finished that uneasy night under the ministrations of Rosalie Le Grange at 442.

(To be continued)

**RED CROSS IRONATED HERBS**  
(WITH PEPSIN)  
If you don't feel well or if you wake up tired and all run down with headache, biliousness, indigestion and feel all out of sorts, take a bottle of IRONATED HERBS WITH PEPSIN. Guaranteed to put you in the pink of condition. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet Preparations sold and guaranteed only by  
C. E. Loertz, Druggist.

—Buy W. S. S. Stamps—  
**Cigars, Fruits, Candies,**  
MAGAZINES and  
—MEALS—  
**Interurban Station**  
C. D. HARDIN

**CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.**  
Practice limited to diseases of the  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
and Fitting Glasses.  
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.,  
7 to 8 p. m. Phone 245  
Postal Building.  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

**SAMUEL WIBLE**  
**BAGGAGE AND TRANSFER**  
Residence Phone 352

"No Hunting" signs printed on  
muslin, 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen  
at the Seymour Republican Office.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS

THE NEXT LETTER I WANT YOU TO TAKE DICTATION FOR IS TO BIGGS AND GO I HOPE YOU ARE NOT TIRED MISS GORDON!

NOT AT ALL, I LOVE TO TAKE DICTATION FROM YOU!

VAN WE ARE WASTING TOO MUCH OF STENOGRAPHER'S VALUABLE TIME ON DICTATIONS SO I GOT THIS MACHINE THAT WE CAN GIVE DICTATIONS TO

WHILE MR. VAN LOON IS DICTATING INTO THE MACHINE IT WILL BE AN EXCELLENT TIME FOR US TO GO OUT TO LUNCH, MISS GORDON!

SHALL WE GO TO MEXICOR'S CAFE DE BOULEVARD IS BETTER I THINK!

"IN REPLY TO YOURS OF RECENT DATE --"

Father's partner is some efficiency expert



# Sal Vet

Poultry Tonic—  
Lice Powder—  
Dip and Disinfectant—  
Fly Spray—  
Stock Tonic—  
Gal Vet—

Protect your live stock with Sal Vet

**FEDERMANN'S**  
-DRUG STORE-  
"Service-Quality"

## Classified Advertisements

LOST—Locket on South Chestnut. Reward. Return here. s4d

WANTED—Young man, seventeen or eighteen years old, by September 16th, to work in stock room and make himself generally useful. Good opportunity for right one. Must bring references from responsible people. Apply manager George Kraft Store. a30d-tf

WANTED—Stenographer, experienced and one who has good business ideas and judgment preferred. Good salary. Address Rider Packing Co., Inc., Crothersville, Indiana. s4d

WANTED—Girls at Remy Electric Co., Anderson, Ind. Good wages; steady employment. For particulars write Miss Myrtle Gruber, in care Remy Elec. Co., Dept. SB.

LABOR—Wanted on bridge work, 35c per hour. Vang Constructor Co., J. E. Grace, Supt., New Lynn Hotel. s7d

WANTED—Men to work on machines. Apply Nutter Gearwood Co. s9d

WANTED—We are open for three or four experienced salesladies. Good permanent positions with advancement. Good pay. Apply Gold Mine. a26dtf

WANTED—Girls to work on light machine. Nutter-Gearwood Co. a29ds4d

WANTED—Cook and dishwasher at the New Lynn kitchen: s9d

PRIVATE SALE—1 Parlor Grand piano, 1 three piece French tapestry parlor set, 1 American walnut bedroom set, 1 mission dining room set, 1 three piece mahogany parlor set, 1 large mahogany library table, 1 mahogany library case, all new; also all other household furniture and kitchen utensils. Wednesday at 1:00 p. m. 530 North Walnut street. C. E. Gillespie. s3d

FOR SALE—Houses and farms. Houses for rent. Collection of rents. Fire, tornado and automobile insurance. List your property for sale and rent with Real Estate Department, Jackson County Loan and Trust Company. a22d-wtf

FOR SALE—Windows, frames, blinds, casings, doors, frames, flooring, joists, studding, rafters sheeting and weather boarding. See R. H. Hall, phone 196 or 463. a21d-wtf

FOR SALE—3 rental properties paying a big per cent. C. Lane, R. 8, Seymour. Phone Reddington A-1. s3d

USED CARS—For Sale: 1 Ford Touring, 1917; 1 Dodge Roadster, 1 Dodge Touring. All in first class condition. Pauley & Son. a12dtf

FOR SALE—At a bargain this week, seven passenger Studebaker car in first class condition. Inquire here. s7d-w

FOR SALE—7 room house with basement, furnace, gas and water, fine location, \$2,500. Inquire 426 S. Carter St. s6d-29w

FOR SALE—1 span good mare mules, 1 odd mule, 1 three year old mare. Owen Roeger. s3d&5w

FOR SALE—Vim truck, one-half ton, good as new. Cheap. Call R-497. s3d

PIANO—Upright piano at a bargain. Inquire at Stewart's garage. Wm. Brady. s5d

FOR SALE—Good second hand fruit jars. Phone 719.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, modern. 308 Indianapolis Avenue. m&ttf

NOTICE—We do hemstitching and picot edge work; needles, oil and belts for all makes of sewing machines. Singer Shop, 126 S. Chestnut street. s9d

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms with bath and gas. Phone 545. a29d&s4d

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping for railroad man and wife. Phone R-230. s3d5w

FOR RENT—Five room house, electric lights and gas. Phone 396. s9d

FOR RENT—Thirty acres wheat ground. E. C. Bollinger. s5d

PLENTY—of good dirt for filling, and cinders, free. Interstate Public Service Co. a31dtf

CITY EXPRESS—Baggage and light hauling. Prompt service. Phone 1. s7d

FURNISHED ROOMS—For shirt factory girls. Phone R-230. s3d5w

## Private Sale

1 Parlor Grand piano, 1 three piece French tapestry parlor set, 1 English brown mahogany bedroom set, 1 American walnut bedroom set, 1 mission dining room set, 1 three piece mahogany parlor set, 1 large mahogany library table, 1 mahogany library case, all new; also all other household furniture and kitchen utensils.

Wednesday, at 1:00 p. m.

**C. E. Gillespie**

530 NORTH WALNUT STREET.

### NEWSY PARAGRAPHS

Virgil Snow, Robert Keach, William Pettig, Harry Miller, Cletus Mackey, Harold Mercer, Charles Banta and John Connelly are camping this week on White river near Rockford.

Several of the local stores will be closed Saturday in observance of the Jewish holiday which corresponds to the celebration of New Year's Day. The feast of Yom Kipper will be observed on Monday, September 16, and a number of stores will be closed at that time also.

Maurice Pruden, who was here to attend the funeral of his cousin, Private James Pruden, returned to his home at Chicago last night. Mrs. Pruden who also attended the funeral will remain here for a few days the guest of relatives and friends.

In the War Savings Bulletin issued September 2 Jackson county ranks seventh in the sale of War Savings Stamps. The seven counties with the highest sales are: Johnson, \$22.90; Ohio, \$22.20; Decatur, \$21.60; Ripley, \$19.82; Fayette, \$18.52; Union, \$18.00; Jackson, \$17.24 per capita.

George Beckman, who has been spending his summer vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Beckman near Dudleytown, left Monday night for Snohomish, Washington, where he will teach school the coming winter. Mr. Beckman graduated from a teachers college at Chicago last spring.

Chief Petty Officer Albert Ross and Mrs. Ross, who have been visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Ross for several days, left for their home at Nashville, Tenn., this morning. Mr. Ross who has been in charge of the naval recruiting office at Nashville for some time expects to be assigned to a battleship within a few days.

### SEYMOUR MARKETS

Wheat ..... \$2.08  
Flour ..... \$1.50  
White corn ..... \$1.20@1.50  
Yellow corn ..... \$1.10@1.40  
Oats ..... 75c  
Rye ..... \$1.50  
Clover seed ..... \$12.00@17.50  
Straw, wheat, ton ..... \$8.00@9.00  
Straw, oats, ton ..... \$9.00  
Hay ..... \$14.00@20.00

#### POULTRY.

Hens, fat ..... 23c  
Springs, 1½ lbs. and over ..... 24c  
Cocks, fat ..... 14c  
Turkeys, old ..... 17c  
Ducks ..... 15c  
Geese ..... 13c  
Guineas, per head ..... 20c  
Eggs ..... 29c  
Butter ..... 27c  
Tallow ..... 9c  
Hides, No. 1 ..... 9c  
Pigeons, er doz ..... 75c

#### Indianapolis Cash Prices.

By United Press  
September 3, 1918.

HOGS—  
Receipts ..... 2,500  
Tone ..... Steady  
Medium and mixed ..... \$19.50@20.05  
Com. to choice lights ..... \$20.05@20.15  
Bulk of sales ..... \$19.75@20.15  
CATTLE—  
Receipts ..... 250  
Tone ..... Steady  
Steers ..... \$13.50@18.75  
Cows and heifers ..... \$11.50@14.00  
SHEEP—  
Receipts ..... 150  
Tone ..... Steady  
Top ..... \$11.00@11.50  
CORN—Firm.  
No. 3 white ..... \$1.67  
No. 3 yellow ..... \$1.58  
OATS—Strong.  
No. 3 white ..... 68½¢@69  
HAY—Firm.  
No. 1 timothy ..... \$30.00@30.50  
No. 2 timothy ..... \$29.50@30.00  
Clover ..... \$23.00@23.50

## Majestic Theatre

TONIGHT

Beginning at 7:30  
A Program of High Class Movies—Featuring the World's Greatest Stars.

JANE AND KATHERINE LEE  
in a six act drama entitled  
"AMERICAN BUDS"

SPECIAL ATTRACTION  
ALLIES' OFFICIAL WAR REVIEW  
released by the  
Committee on Public Information  
IT IS YOUR PATRIOTIC DUTY TO  
SEE THIS PICTURE.

Prices:  
Lower Floor 11c, Balcony 6c,  
(War tax included) Matinee 5c to all

Tomorrow—The Story of the Sinking  
of the "LUSITANIA" by an eye  
witness entitled "LEST WE FORGET"

Remember We Give Away a Thrift  
Stamp and a War Savings Stamp  
Every Friday Night.

Help Win the War—Buy Thrift Stamps

**STAR-LAX**  
FOR CONSTITUTION  
BILIOUSNESS  
DROWSINESS  
SICKHEADACHE  
DYSPEPSIA.  
AN EXCELLENT  
LIVER TABLET.

Here's a better stomach and  
Liver Tablet, that's different—  
and makes good. It beats the old  
line Liver Pills. You'll get a  
better, easier, quicker, bowel re-  
novating if you'll try Star-Lax.  
25c the box at

**LOERTZ**  
DRUG STORE

Phone 116 1 E. 2nd

Thrift and War Savings Stamps

JUST RECEIVED A  
Fresh Shipment of

**LOWNEY'S**  
Box Candies

California Plums and Peaches  
Tomorrow.

**J. A. Gates & Son**

BUY THRIFT AND WAR STAMPS

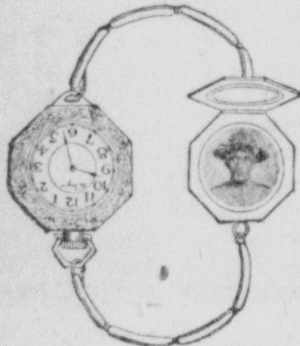
Buy Thrift Stamps Regularly

**W. H. BURKLEY**  
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans  
Seymour, Indiana

AN IDEAL PLACE  
For Your  
IDEAL'S PICTURE  
The New

**Watch-Locket  
Bracelet**

America's women have ac-  
cepted this newest novelty as  
the ideal place for the brave



soldier or sailor-lad's picture.  
Its popularity has been instan-  
taneous and you must have one.  
Their cost is but a tiny bit  
compared to the great treasure  
they hold.

On sale at my store only, in  
this town.

**Geo. F. Kamman**

**F. H. HEIDEMAN**  
Pianos, Furniture, Rugs, Linoleum  
Funeral Director

Piano and Pipe Organ Tuning  
**C. H. DROEGE**

### THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

My mind is full of  
little thoughts  
About my clothes and  
bills and such—  
I wonder could I  
strain them out  
Would what was left  
amount to  
much?  
R. McANN



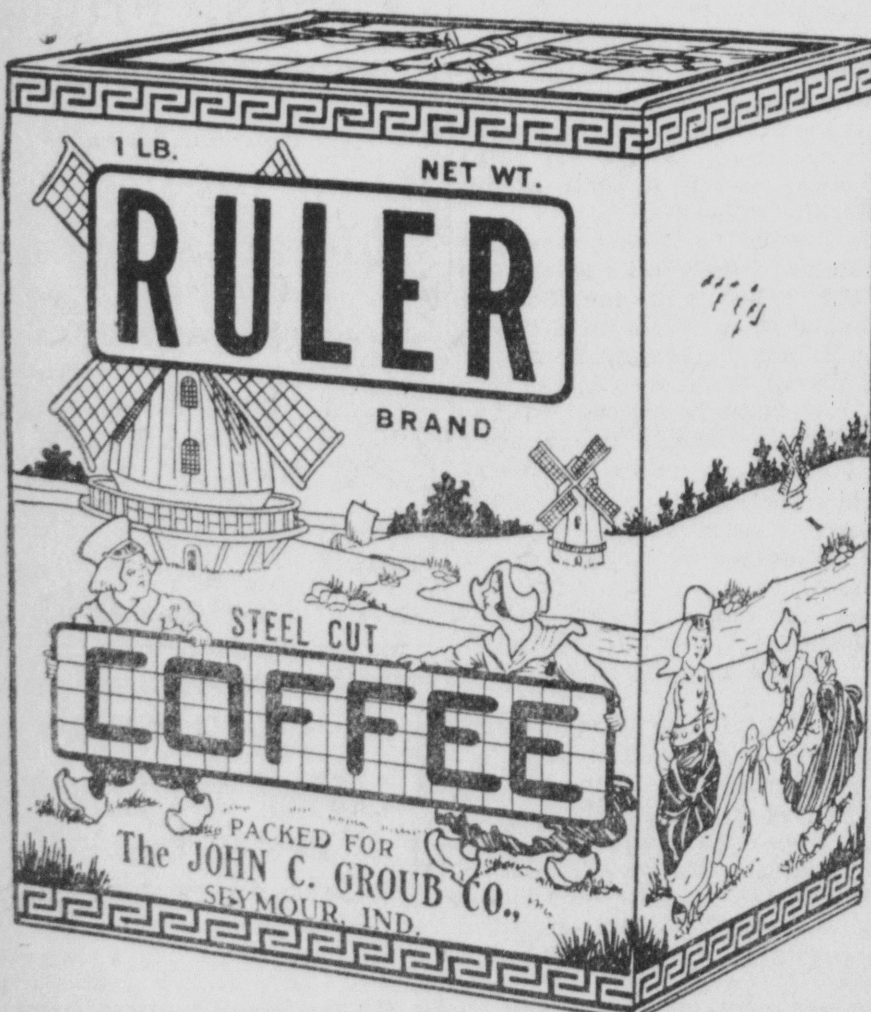
#### Weather Report.

Partly cloudy and cooler tonight.  
Wednesday cooler.

REGISTRARS WILL  
BE HERE SATURDAY  
(Continued from first page)

be permitted to cast their ballots in  
the November election until they  
qualify.

The time is growing short and for  
this reason the session here was  
planned. The two members of the  
board will begin work at the city  
building at 9 o'clock Saturday morn-  
ing and will remain there until 9  
o'clock Saturday night. Several hun-  
dred voters will register at that time,  
it is believed. Both parties will pro-  
vide notaries to assist the board  
members.



RULER STEEL CUT COFFEE is a Brand of fine drinking  
Bourbon and Central American growths. You get more, better  
cups to the pound, when you buy Ruler, for it has strength—  
aroma—and a delicious flavor.

Ruler makes a Quarter look and taste like 40 cents.

You try one pound for 25c and your grocer will  
return the price if not satisfactory.

**Insist On Ruler Brand**

## ATTENTION!

OWNERS OF STEAM & HOT WATER HEATING SYSTEMS

Now is the time to have your Heating plants looked after as  
it is hard to get delivery on repair parts. Don't delay till Cold  
Weather. We have a Heating Man that knows how.

**Carter Plumbing Co.**

# T-O-D-A-Y

**Our Fall Term Begins**

DAY AND EVENING CLASSES

Remember Our Slogan:

"The Job Seeks You If You  
Are Trained"

**A Business Education**

**Your Opportunity**

**BEGIN NOW!**

Office open until 9:30 P. M.  
Call on phone or at the office.

**Seymour Business College**

**Albert L. Walters, Pres.**

"The Job Seeks You If You Are Trained"